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SECOND EDITION.

FOUR O'CLOCK.

HARRISBURG.

State Legislature.

The Spring Elections.

BILLS PASSED.

Apportionment Bill.

THE DEAD LOCK.

Constitutional Convention Bill

THE COAL MINES.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]
HARRISBURG, May 26, 1871.
SENATE.

SENATE BILL—SPRING ELECTIONS.

The Senate bill from the House restoring spring elections passed. This bill repeals the fifteenth section of the law of 1869, and provides that elections in 1872, and annually thereafter, for city, township, borough and ward officers shall be held in spring, provided the act shall not apply to any locality for which there are special laws, and that elections in Clearfield shall be held in December.

HOUSE BILLS.

The following bills passed:

Incorporating the American Volunteer Printing Company, Pittsburgh.

Incorporating the Pittsburgh Women's Christian Association.

Mr. RANDALL introduced resolutions for the appointment of a Senate Committee of three to report to the next session a system on common school books. Defeated.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

APPORTIONMENT BILL.

The Senate this afternoon unanimously accepted the report of the Conference Committee on the apportionment bill, which compromises matters of difference between the two Houses, and among the items are $650,000 to the common schools, $5,000 to the centennial celebration, and one-fifth of indebtedness for $30,000 to the Chambersburg sufferers with the interest thereon.

JUDGES SALARIES INCREASED.

The salaries of Supreme Judges are increased to $7,000.

MERGED.

The soldier's orphans department is merged with the common school department.

HOUSE.

THE DEAD LOCK.

Mr. STRANG, Chairman of the Conference Committee on the Appropriation bill, announced that Committee still in dead lock.

BILL PASSED.

A bill from the Senate authorizing the School Board of Moon township and Allegheny to borrow three thousand dollars. Passed.

PENNSYLVANIA NATIONAL GUARDS.

A bill from the Senate authorizing the Governor to procure regimental standards for the Pennsylvania National Guards passed.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION BILL.

Mr. ALLEN reported from the Conference Committee on the Constitutional Convention bill that the committee could not agree, and to test the sense of the House, moved a concurrence in the Senate amendment embracing only the single proposition of submitting it to the vote of the people next fall the question of calling a convention.

REPORT ON APPROPRIATION.

Mr. STRANG presented a report of the Conference Committee on Appropriation.

Mr. REINCEHL moved a recommittal, with instructions to strike out the appropriation to Chambersburg, which was supported by Messrs. White, Reinoehl, Hewitt and Kerr, and opposed by Messrs. Mann, Chalfant, Skinner, Strang, Robb, Humphreys, and Schnatterly, and was lost by a vote of 42 to 54. The vote was not partisan, but indiscriminate. The report was then adopted by 55 to 42.

Mr. HUMPHREYS moved an amendment adding to the Senate amendment ,that section first of article third of the constitution be amended by striking out the word "white" where it occurs. Ruled out as irrelevant, and the House then concurred in the Senate amendment by a vote of 56 to 37. The Republicans who voted with the Democrats for the Senate proposition were Coray, Hager, Kerr, Letdeman, Mann, Moore, Mickey, Miller, of Erie, Purcell, Sanner, Starr, Wheeler, Whitson' Zerbe and Webb.

EVENING SESSION.

CONCURRED IN.

The Senate amendment to the bill restoring the spring elections was concurred in.

COAL MINES.

Mr. HUMPHREYS reported that the Conference Committee on the joint resolution on appointing commissioners to investigate bituminous coal mines could not agree.

Mr. HEWITT reported the inability of the Joint Committee on the Philadelphia Registry amendment to agree, so the whole project fails.

A message was received from the Governor vetoing the bill incorporating the Odd Fellows' Savings Bank of Pittsburgh, there having been no legal advertisement of application for it.

U. S. SENATE.

EXTRA SESSION.

WASHINGTON, May 26, 1871.

The Chair stated the unfinished business to be the resolution of Mr. Wilson to discharge Messrs. Caldwell and Ramsdell immediately on adjournment of the present session.

With the pending amendment of Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, Mr. CARPENTER said he had nothing to do with starting the investigation, and denied the often repeated newspaper statement that he had been made the cat's paw of Mr. Conkling.

Mr. CARPENTER said he had nothing to do with starting the investigation and denied the newspaper statements that he had been made a cat's paw.

Mr. CONKLING said he had received anonymous letters threatening that the entire American press would be directed against him if he should proceed with the investigation. He, too, had incurred such displeasure for moving a resolution to commit the whiskey ring. He had never seen any other course taken in cases where witnesses refused to answer. As to the correspondents being in prison they were furnished with the best rooms in the capital where they fared sumptuously. Instead of this they should have been committed to jail as any justice of the peace would have done, for the witnesses were undoubtedly in contempt. If this had been the case the Senate would have the required answers before now.

Mr. CARPENTER commented severely on the correspondents of the New York *Tribune*, and among other things said that a malicious libel was perpetrated on him in a recent communication purporting to give an account of the examination of Tinker, and which account Tinker had, in a note to him, denounced as untrue. He spoke of the morality of the press, and wanted to know if correspondents of newspapers now would sanction what the *Tribune* correspondents had done, and at the close of their custody gave them a complimentary dinner. The New York *Tribune* was an alias for Horace Greeley, who had befriended him by acts of kindness, but Horace Greeley is in Texas delivering agricultural addresses, and has left the *Tribune* in the control of a fop and pretender, White Reed.

Mr. Carpenter continued at some length in opposition to the pending resolution to discharge the *Tribune* correspondent.

At the end of this session Mr. FENTON sent up a paper, which, by request, he caused to be read, signed by Messrs. Hinton, Boynton, Shaw and Knowlton, newspaper correspondents, saying that Tinker made statements published in the New York *Tribune* dispatch, but the statements are not so bitter toward the committee as those by Tinker, made in their presence.

After further debate by Messrs. Thurman and Davis, of Kentucky, the latter withdrew his amendment, which was in effect that the discharge of the witness should not effect the legal proceedings.

Mr. NYE renewed it, and in the course of his remarks said that if the examination of his Klux outrages the witness had refused to testify of being furnished with comfortable quarters, he would have been sent to jail until he answered them. The correspondents of the *Tribune* are in contempt, and are amenable to the law of the land before proceeding further.

Mr. HARLAN moved that the Senate go into Executive session, which was agreed to by ayes 25, nays 18.

Willing to Work.

PITTSTON, May 26.—The men in the employ of the Pittston and Elmira Company, Damon and Browley, and the Butler companies have resolved to resume work on the same terms given by the Pennsylvania Company to their men as soon as the operators permit them to enter the mines. There is only one shaft remaining idle in this place, and resumption will probably take place on or before Monday next.

EUROPE.

Still Fighting.

BLOODY TIMES.

Still More Bloodshed.

COMMUNISTS DEFEATED.

The City in Flames.

THE EVIL AT HAND.

FRANCE.

FIRE SLACKENING.

OUTSIDE OF PARIS, May 25.—The wind has hanged and the fires are observed to be slackening, but the heavens are still illuminated by the flames, and the debris falls at a great distance.

REDUCED TO CINDERS.

It is said that the Mazas Prison is reduced to cinders.

ARCHBISHOP DARROY.

Fears are still entertained for the safety of Archbishop Darroy.

INSURGENTS REPELLED.

The insurgents, attempting a flight in the direction of Aubervilliers and Roumainville, are being repelled.

CANNONADING CONTINUES.

The cannonading against Belleville and Chaumont continues.

CANNONADING.

OUTSIDE PARIS, May 26.—The cannonade against the insurgent's position at Belleville has been vigorously resumed. Terrible fires are raging inside of Paris. The Northern Railroad has been repaired, but entrance to the city is refused.

STRENGTHENED.

The German positions at Auberville and elsewhere have been strengthened to prevent the escape of the insurgents. They permit only women and children inhabiting the burning quarter of Paris to leave the city.

PRISONERS CAPTURED.

VERSAILLES, May 26.—The insurrection has been squelched in the Quartier Moufford of Paris, where 6,000 prisoners have been captured.

PETROLEUM SHELL.

The insurgents are still confined in Belleville and Les Buttes and Chaumont, where petroleum shells are fired from all over Paris. Numbers are sent the insurgents the last summons to surrender, in which he says, any hereafter captured with arms in their hands will be shot.

The collections in the Louvre have all been saved, except the library, in which a great many valuable books were destroyed. The National Library and the grand Louvre is safe.

The insurgents still hold Perey Place, the Ia Bastille, Menelmontant, Charonne, and Belleville.

LONDON, May 23.—Paris dispatches announce that the Rue Royale was destroyed by the insurgents, who were driven to the cemetery of Pere la Chaise, where they are surrounded and will be captured.

A *News* dispatch mentions a rumor that hostages in Mazais prison have been shot.

THE COMMUNE.

The *Liberte* says that foreign powers have promised the extradition of members of the commune, in the event of their escape from France.

SHOT.

Curbet, a prominent Communist has been shot by Vessaillists.

BLOWN UP.

The Government troops have captured the Mazas prison and the Lyons and Orleans railway stations. The hostages held by the insurgents in Mabais had been transferred to the prison de la Roquette. The Charbin mills evacuated and blown up the fort De Ivry.

FAMOUS BATTLE.

The Government forces are now attacking the Buttes de Chaumont. At noon to-day a famous battle was in progress near Pantin.

INSURGENTS SHOT.

OUTSIDE PARIS, May 26—Forenoon.—The following leading insurgents have been shot: Walles, Amoreaux, Brunel, Regault, Dombrowski and Bauquiet.

UNCONFIRMED.

The reported arrest of Pyat, Desluche and Cluseret is yet unconfirmed. It is rumored that all hostages held by the insurgents are safe, but nothing positive is known in relation to them.

BUILDINGS DESTROYED.

The following named public buildings have been destroyed: Palais of Tuileries, Ministry of Finance, Prefecture of Police, Court of Accounts, Palais of Legion of Honor, the Barracks on the Guay, D'Orsay, Hotel and Mont de Ricte.

BUILDINGS SAVED.

The following have been saved: Ministries of Marine, Interior, Foreign Affairs and Agriculture; Pantheon, Ecole Militaire, Ecole des Beaux Arts, Bank of France, Credit Foncier, and the churches generally.

BATTLE CONTINUES.

3 P. M.—The battle at Pantin continues, the insurgents being attacked on three sides by the Government troops. The conflagrations in Paris continue.

WOMEN SHOT.

ST. DENIS, May 26—All the collections in the Louvre galleries and Palais Royal are in safety. The troops to-day surprised and shot in a shop a large company of women, engaged in pouring petroleum into cellars and afterwards throwing in lighted fuse.

ENGLAND.

U. S. CONSUL ON A VISIT.

LONDON, May 26.—The American Consul at Tangiers has gone to Fez, on a visit to the Emperor of Morocco.

ARMY REGULATION BILL.

In the House of Commons last night an amendment was offered by the opposition to the army regulation bill. The bill was rejected by 16 majority.

ADJOURNED.

Mr. Gladstone announced that Parliament would adjourn for Whit Sunday recess to-day. (Friday.)

STEAMSHIP ARRIVED.

The steamship Columbia, from New York, touched at Moville.

PRUSSIA.

THANKSGIVING.

BERLIN, May 26.—The Spenu *Gazette* announces that the triumphal entry of the German army into Berlin will take place on the 16th of June, and that the 18th of the same month will be observed as a day of thanksgiving throughout the Empire.

DICTATORSHIP IN ALSACE.

Bismarck has agreed to compromise upon the Alsace question, making the governments of the conquered territory a dictatorship until 1873. The sanction of Reichstag is, however, to be required for raising loans in Alsace.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LIVERPOOL, May 26—*Evening*—Cloverseed 45s@48s for American red.

FONDA, N. Y.

Execution of Eacker.

FONDA, May 26.—Chas. Eacker was executed to-day, for the murder of Thomas E. Burduk. He maintained a firm demeanor throughout the proceedings. Upon the Sheriff asking him if he had anything to say why the sentence of death should not be passed, Eacker replied in a low tone of voice: "Notwithstanding the correctness of the law, I am not guilty of the crime, but am willing to submit to it." After a pause of a minute, he spoke to the Sheriff in a whisper, saying he did not want a cap drawn over his head. He was told to rise, and stripping, laid his hands on the coffin. The noose was then adjusted and his limbs bound with straps. At 1 P. M. the Sheriff again spoke to Eacker, asking him if he had anything particular to say, and replied in the negative. The Sheriff then cut the cord, and Eacker was landed into eternity. He was up and then dropped with a heavy thud, and swung to and fro for a few minutes, but there was no visible struggle.

BALTIMOME.

Meeting of Grand Lodge of Good Templars.

BALTIMORE, May 26.—The Right Worthy Grand Lodge of Good Templars adjourned last night, after disposing of a great deal of business. Fraternal greetings were interchanged with the National Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association now in session at Washington by telegraph. The memorial of the brethren in England, praying for permission to organize a supreme body, similar in its functions to the R. W. G. L., was favorably acted upon. The new body is to be called the Worthy Grand Lodge. The books and papers used in Great Britain may be printed there, but the pass-word must come from the Right Worthy Grand Lodge of North America. The second and third degrees were practically abolished. The organization of temperance societies, wherever practicable, was recommended. To-day the members of the Right Worthy Grand Lodge will visit Washington and be received by the President at 10 A. M.

CANADA.

Drowned.

MONTREAL, May 26.—Geo. Spaight and A. Dodge, the former a sub-editor and the latte a night editor on the *Gazette* newspaper in this place, were drowned yesterday while boating. The boat was drawn into the rapids and capsized.

THREATENED WITH FIRES.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 26.—The country around Ottawa is threatened with fires. The whole country since around Pembroke, Chelsea, Buckingham and Gatineau Point is filled with dense clouds of smoke. The fires are spreading rapidly.

PERSONAL.

Professor Bernard, of the High Commission, is in town, the guest of Sir John Mc-Donald.

RELIGIOUS.

THE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD (O S.)

Fast Day Exercises—Preparation for the Synodic Communion and Covenanting—Rell, ious service—Confession of Sin—Third Day's Proceedings.

In accordance with the action of Synod at the evening session of Wednesday, when it was unanimously resolved to engage in the act of Covenanting on to-morrow, as had been previously arranged by the Committee on the order of exercises, yesterday was spent as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer.

As this is the first occasion on which the church ever attempted covenanting in the United States, it was manifest that there is very great interest felt in the subject. At an early hour there was a large audience in attendance, evidently many were present from various parts of the country.

RELIGIOUS SERVICES.

At 10½ o'clock the services were introduced by an invocation to the Throne of Grace by Rev. James Wallace, after which the congregation united in singing a part of Psalm 55, beginning at verse 15.

READING THE CONFESSION OF SINS.

The document adopted in 1870, denominated the "Confession of Sin," was then read by Rev. James Wallace. While being read, the members of Synod rose and stood during the reading. It is as follows:

CONFESSION OF SIN.

Believing assuredly that in covenanting with God, and thereby binding our souls by oath to fear and serve Him, we do make a near approach into His august and holy presence, and knowing that they only are approved and accepted, who come with self-abasement, filled with shame and godly sorrow, and ingenuously confessing and forsaking their sin, according to that word, "If we confess our sin, He is faithful and just to forgive us our sins, and to cleanse us from all unrighteousness," (1 John 1,9,) and we do now give glory to the Lord God of Israel, and make confession unto Him.

We do humbly and sincerely confess and lament that we have not duly valued and improved the unsearchable riches of truth and grace in the Holy Scriptures, by making them our constant, earnest and prayerful study, by accepting Christ in all His fulness of saving blessings, and by seeking for the Holy Spirit His illuminating and renewing grace to apply to our souls the redemption of Christ, and thus reconcile us unto God, and make us partakers of everlasting life.

We acknowledge with shame, want of faith in God, and in the promises and threatenings of His Word, formality in religious services, pride, selfishness, vanity, conformity to the spirit of the world, lukewarmness, unTenderness in our walk, and in our dealings with others, unwatchfulness, sinful security, and want of spirituality in our disposition and deportment. We are chargeable with remissness in the duties of the closet, the family, the prayer-meeting, and the sanctuary. We have not hallowed the Sabbath by observing it with the care and sacredness required by the divine commandment. We have also criminal apathy and unfaithfulness in that we have not offered up prayer for men, and for especially for the faithful in Christ Jesus, and in that we have not exhorted one another daily, and sought to promote the spiritual growth and holiness of the saints.

We mourn that religion has not been cultivated and practiced in our houses as it should have been. Parents have not felt in any adequate measure their responsibility for the salvation of their children, and the consequence family worship, reading the Scriptures in the household, instruction in the accepted manuals of the faith of the Church, and pleading the Covenant and promise of God on behalf of our seed, are mournfully neglected.

We lament that as professing witnesses for Christ, we have failed in obedience to His command, to preach the Gospel to every creature, to make known His will and law among the nations, and to administer with fidelity the law and discipline of His own house. While prosperity is boarded up, or wasted upon the luxuries and vanities of life, and in very many cases upon objects pernicious to both body and soul, means are wanting to make known the way of salvation in the midst of the heathen. We confess and bewail our forgetfulness of the obligations laid upon us by the Covenants of our fathers, in that we have often walked contrary thereunto, in not testifying fully and stedfastly against the sinful claims of Jesus Christ, the Head of the Church and the Prince of the kings of the earth. And we confess, too, in that while witnessing for social covenanting as an ordinance of God, binding under the dispensation of the Gospel, we have not as a Church in this country, by our own act, performed the duty.

We humble ourselves in the sight of the Just and Holy one, in view of the many and great iniquities of the land in which we live. The nation has been guilty of oppression and injustice toward its Aboriginal and Colored people, of iniquitous distinction of caste, while Sabbath desecration, profanity, and the oath, official corruption and dishonesty, profanation of the name of God, intemperance, drunkenness, excess and rioting, violation of the ordinance of marriage, vanity of apparel, sinful extravagance, and deceit, have become common and ordinary sins. These and all other transgressions whereof our people and land are guilty, we desire to acknowledge, and to be humbled on account of them, that all men may see that righteousness belongeth unto God, and shame and confusion of face unto us, as appears his day.

And because of the solemn duty assigned to those who not only confess, but forsake their sin, we do resolve and engage before the Lord carefully to avoid, for the time to come, all these offences, together with temptations leading thereunto; and to testify the integrity of our hearts in this Scriptural and solemn engagement, and that we may be the better enabled in the power of the Lord's strength to perform it, we do with obedience to the command of God, conformably to the practice of the godly in former times, and recognizing all that is moral in the Jewish rites of our worthy religious progenitors of the Second Reformation, do hereby enter into this covenant to God, to His Church, and to one another.

The closing words of this confession have reference to the covenant previously printed in the GAZETTE, and which is to be sworn by the Synod to-day.

After the reading of this confession, the congregation united in singing psalm 130.

THE DISCOURSE.

The forenoon sermon was preached by Rev. J. R. Thompson, of Newburg, New York, whose text was taken from Gen. iii. 24—"So He drove out the man." In the introduction he said that underlying the text is the idea of man's moral responsibility to God. This is written with the pen of inspiration throughout the sacred page. Man responds to the force of his responsibility to God. Ignoring this and breaking the chain that binds to the Lawgiver, exposes to swift judgment. Not merely Adam, but the whole race, federally in Adam, was driven out of the garden. That was a dark day in the beginning of the race. And their was judgment in the cause of sin in the race. Yet this judgment was not without a gleam of mercy. Severe as was the judgment, yet in connecting the two clauses the word justice smite on the cross, but they first met in Eden.

The doctrine deduced from the text was that *God punishes man for his sin.*

This proposition was discussed in the following method:

I. *Severely.* By opening man's eyes to a perception of his sin and condition, by abandoning him to the dominion of his sin, by suspending communion with him, and by exposing man to the wrath of this world and those of the world to come.

II. *Justly.* Because of the dishonor that the sinner does to the moral government, because man has transgressed the known law of God, because he has violated a solemn covenant engagement, and because of the consequences of sin.

III. *Mercifully.* By not inflicting the full penalty of the law; by accompanying the penalty with the promise and pledge of salvation to the sinner, to the sinner full time for repentance, and by bestowing many blessings, even while he rests under the penalty.

This discussion was followed by devotional exercises. Selections from the 8th and 85th Psalms were sung, Rev. R. J. Geography led in prayer, and read from the Scriptures.

These were followed by the delivery of a

DISCOURSE ON COVENANTING.

by Rev. H. H. George, who took as his text 2 Cor. viii. 5:

"And this they did, not as we hoped; but first gave their own selves to the Lord, and to us by the will of God."

After alluding to covenanting as a moral duty, practised under the patriarchs and Jews, he showed that this is the transaction recorded in the text. It could not be merely in public confession, nor formal prayer, nor Lord's supper, for these were all essential to membership and were expected of every church. Covenanting is appropriated to solemn times. Still there are many who enquire what is the use of it under the Gospel.

The discussion of the subject was confined to two points.

I. The objects to be attained by covenanting, as found in the text, in accordance. II. The times that call for covenanting.

Under the first head were urged.

1. The oneness, of the church—a covenanted society since the days of Abraham, of Isaac, of Jacob, Israel, Judah, the Apostles, the Church of Samuel, and all the prophets. The glorious future is contemplated by these prophets, as a covenanting time—Is. 19, 18—21. Is. 44, 5. Jer. 50, 5. This is exemplified in our text—"they gave their own selves to the Lord, and to us by the will of God." In 1580, the protestant princes and people of Germany, entered into an engagement called the League of Smakalde, which was solemnly renewed four years afterward. In 1637, Scotland raised the name of God, entered into a solemn Covenant in which they pledged themselves to the principal articles of the christian religion, and the purity and discipline of the primitive church. In 1620, the Reformed churches of France, National Synod, entered into an oath for like purposes. No one needs be told that Britain is a Covenanted land, church and nation bound to God. The second reformation especially is known as the Covenanted Reformation. None can identify with the church of the past, but those who faithfully carry out the line of Covenanting.

2. It is the best mode of maintaining the testimony. In times of trial the witnesses felt the necessity of being bound together, to stand or fall, live or die in defence of the truth.

3. Transmit that testimony faithfully as a legacy to our children. Psalms, 78th chapter, 4th verse. Genesis, 17th chapter, 7th verse. Acts, 2d chapter, 39th verse. Covenanting unites with the Church of the future as well as of the past. Under the *second* head were specified the following:

1. Times of impending danger to truth and righteousness. Such were the days of Hezekiah, Second Chronicles, 29th chapter, 9th and 10th verses. Josiah, Second Chronicles, 34th chapter, 30th and 32d verses. Such were Reformation times to the friends of truth and liberty, exposed to the blind zeal of the maddened and superstitual forces of Popery. Such are our own times; not from persecution, but from the insidious power of infidelity, Sabbath desecration, profanity, intemperance, licentiousness, and general rebellion against Christ, as Prophet, Priest and King.

2. Times of public declension: when faith and practice are weakening, and the love of many is waxing cold; when the world is encroaching on the Church. Such were the days of Joshua—Chap. 24:25-25. Such too, are our own days. Every true lover of Christ feels that piety is low, that covetousness, fashion and folly are largely supplanting the graces of the Spirit.

3. When the people of God are desiring and praying for a revival. Jer. 50 4-5. "Going and weeping; they shall go and seek the Lord their God. They shall ask the way to Zion with their faces thitherward, saying come and let us join ourselves to the Lord in a perpetual covenant, one that shall not be forgotten." Jacob went up to Bethel at such a time, to pay his vows and renew them. Such were the times in which Joash began to reign, when "Jehorada made a covenant between the Lord and the king and the people." 2 Kings, XI. Covenantry is an eminent means of true revival. So closely allied are they, that we find it promised as an outgrowth of the spirit's working. Is. 44, 3-5. One shall say I am the Lord's, etc. This, however, is not a special characteristic of our day, but a thing to be earnestly sought.

After prayer and the singing of part of the 25th Psalm, it was announced by the Moderator that there would be a Synodic prayer meeting at 6½ P. M., at 7½ public service, and a discourse by Rev. James Kennedy of New York, who had been persuaded to preach instead of him who was appointed for the occasion, but who is absent.

DEVOTIONAL EXERCISES.

At half-past six o'clock a large number of the members of the Synod assembled for devotional exercises. They were conducted wholly by lay delegates—ruling elders. D. Wallace presided, announcing the selections for praise, and calling upon other elders to lead in prayer. Those engaged were J. Watson; M. W. Barclay, of New York; William Magee, of Oil City, and Hugh Crockett, of Sterling.

The burden of their address at a throne of grace was, confession of sin, earnest prayer for pardon and for the presence of the Holy Spirit on the Synod when engaged in the solemn act of covenanting.

EVENING MEETING.

The exercises of the evening were conducted by the Rev. James Kennedy of New York, who preached a peculiarly interesting discourse from Psalm 106, 6: "We have sinned with our Fathers."

Quoting the language of the Moderator, he said that Synod had come together to confess sin.

Behind the photographer's camera he has a dark screen to bring out the picture more clearly.

God takes up a few tons of the ocean and throws over the sky a magnificent bow. Such is the 130th Psalm of sin, and such is God's grace.

The text has three things in it. Sin—our sins—aggravations:—Our *fathers'* sin.

Each of these points were discussed with eloquence, spirit and vitality, for nearly an hour and conversational, the speaker evidently exerted a peculiar influence upon the audience.

Under the first head the discussion was theological under the second, practical and pointed.

The speaker said men confess sin in the abstract. But not in the concrete. He also confess that "the whole head is sick and the whole head faint." But what is wrong? Are you drunkard? Are you a liar? Are you a thief? No! A Sabbath breaker? No. Then what is wrong? Don't know.

There is something that can be done at a confession of what we have done in particular.

Ministers have sins to confess for men, and in the reading of the biographies of such men as the beloved McCheyne, the speaker said he was always ashamed of himself. Ask am I a minister at all? Where is my devotion to my God? Where my sacrifice for Jesus Christ? Where my efforts to keep in advance of my people.

Once I read the martyr Renwick's sermons; they are marvelous. Of them it was said composed in a hole dug out of the earth, without study or library, with no book but his Bible, or with no home but the fields. How, under such circumstances, could he compose such sermons? But I was in comfort and facilities; Oh, how far below him do I fall!

We should keep far in advance of our people in knowledge. We must lament that we are satisfied with the mere external acts of piety. We water our work with our tears, nor look back to see the results.

When I read the Psalms I am ashamed of myself. Did he ever make a joke? He ever a buffoon? Had He ever a scrap of conversation without a moral? In his life there is nothing trifling or low, but all pure, grand glorious.

We waste time and opportunity. Chalmers was once spending a night with a friend with him, and stated that no meeting of the kind together. They retired at the usual hour. In the morning the officer was dead. Said Chalmers, "Then I failed to improve upon his soul. Now it is too late." So we.

The speaker then at some length recounted some of the causes of ruling in his own life, especially the neglect of visiting the sick, and the failure to press the claims of religion upon those over whom we are appointed "overseers."

Under the third head he discussed the principles of representation and descending obligation, and then urged reasons why confession should be made during the morning session, and that all should be encouraged to go to Jesus for pardon.

At the close of the services, the Moderator announced that Pittsburgh and Lakes Presbyteries would meet this morning at eight o'clock, that Synod would meet at nine to make some preliminary arrangements for the exercises connected with covenanting, which is expected to be preceded by a recess at 10 o'clock.

On to-morrow the Synodic communion is to be held, when the ministers and all the ruling elders present are to partake. On Monday the ordinary business of Synod will be resumed.

QUADRENNIAL GATHERING.

Second Session of the Methodist General Conference.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Conference met at eight o'clock this morning, President Pierpont in the chair. Religious exercises were conducted by Mrs. M. A. S. Bradford.

The roll was then called, and the minutes of the previous session were read and approved.

Reports of Committees were then called for. The report of the Committee on Missions was taken up. Item No. 8 was adopted, and item No. 9 was amended and then adopted.

Rev. J. H. Robinson offered, and the Conference adopted, the following:

Resolved, That each annual Conference shall have power to authorize females to preach the Gospel in the Methodist Church.

The resolution was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Sabbath Schools was then taken up and read by the Chairman, Rev. Remsburgh. The report was adopted, and the following committees, provided for in the report, were appointed: On Constitution—J. H. Robinson, Thomas F. Scott, Wm. Murphy, Dr. Carlton—John Scott, Alexander Clark, Wm. Collier.

The committee were clothed with power to publish during the interim of the general conference.

THE BOOK CONCERN.

The report of the Special Committee on the Book Concern was called up, when a motion to adopt was made. The Committee it will be remembered, decided that the General Conference had no right to take the property of the Concern. The minority report was called for and read.

A somewhat protracted discussion ensued, when under the call of the previous question, a vote by Rev. C. Gray, the report was adopted.

The report of the Committee on Book Concern, recommending the establishment of a Presbyterian

While the vote was under consideration, a motion that a night session be held this evening was made and carried.

Before arriving at a vote on the adoption of the report Conference adjourned. Prayer by Rev. C. Springer.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Conference met at half-past one o'clock. Prayer by Rev. Mr. Hall.

Religious exercises were conducted by Bro J. C. Hergliendoff, Muskingum Conference.

The minutes of the morning proceedings were read a rended and aproved.

On motion, Bro. Bassett was recognized as delegate in place of Brother Evans from Ohio Conference.

On motion of Dr. Collure, the work of Rev. S. Wakefield, D. D., on the Methodist Episcopal Church, was adopted as a text book for candidates for the ministry and ordered inserted in discipline.

Brother Clark, offered the following: Whereas, The editor of the *Recorder* has been greatly assisted in his work by the quiz articles furnished from time to time by the editorial contributors, W. H. Jordan, J. H. Rigg, D. S. Stevens, G. B. McElroy and James Robinson, therefore,

Resolved, That this General Conference do hereby recognize the valuable services of *future* in connection with the same to them for their gratuitous services.

[Signed.] ALEXANDER CLARK.
JNO. SCOTT.

Adopted.

Bro. Wheat presented the following, which was read and adopted:

WHEREAS, A portion of the members of the Committee on Publishing interests have been intimately connected with the publishing operations, and feel a personal delicacy in voting to its discharge—

Resolved, Therefore, that this General Conference hereby declare its high appreciation of the labors of Rev. Thomas Scott, D.D., and Rev. Alexander Clark, A.M., in the editorial management of our church periodicals—the "Methodist Recorder" and "Sunday School," and that these brethren have been eminently successful in conducting these periodicals, to the advantage of the church and the satisfaction of this body.

Resolved, That our confidence in the longtried integrity of the Publishing Agent, Rev. A. M. Bassett, remains unshaken, and we hereby declare our most cordial approval of his management of the Concern.

[Signed.] E. A. WHEAT.
J. J. SMITH.

The Committee on the Literary Institute, through J. J. Smith, reported. Read and adopted.

On motion all discussions were limited to ten minutes.

The Conference then resumed the consideration of the report of the Committee on the Book Concern.

The Committee presented a lengthy report, subdivided as follows:

They are gratified with the reports of the officers of the Board of Publication—that the assets of the Concern have greatly increased in value, and are now worth from two to three times its original cost—now amounting to $25,500; against only $700 of liabilities.

That after considering all the papers presented to the Conference, for the removal of the Book Concern, weighing all the advantages and disadvantages, the Committee recommended the removal of the same to Pittsburgh, as the most suitable place, claiming the said city as a Railroad and Telegraphic centre, that all the business of the Board could be here transacted with despatch; that Pittsburgh is strong in its tendencies and sympathies with our church; that a large local book trade could soon be established yielding a handsome profit; that extensive advertising, of a suitable character could be readily obtained and that the circulation of our papers could be largely increased.

The Committee further recommend that the General Conference require the Board of Publication at the earliest practicable period, and in the safest and most judicious manner to carry out the proceeding recommendations.

[Signed.] JOHN SCOTT,
H. E. H. HARTSOUGH,
N. R. SWIFT.

Amendments substituting, Chicago and Cincinnati were both lost. The resolution of committee fixing Pittsburgh as the future plan of publishing the "Papers," was then adopted. The time for removal was fixed for September 1st, 1871.

On motion Conference noted this, when they adjourned it until 7 o'clock.

Bro. Robinson from committee on constitution for Sabbath School Association reported. Report read and was laid on table.

Bro. Flood moved to adopt report as an article in discipline. Laid on table.

The Conference then proceeded to the election of "Editor" and "Book Agent." Tellers were appointed and Alexander Clark, A. M., was elected Editor on the first ballot.

A. H. Bassett was elected Book Agent, on the second ballot.

The following persons were then elected as a "Board of Publication." Rev. J. W. McKeever, Rev. W. W. Collier, D. D. Wm. Troth; Rev. John Burns; Wm. Morrison; R. H. Marshal; and William Rinehart.

The Conference then adjourned with prayer by Brother Johson, to meet at 7 o'clock, P. M.

EVENING SESSION.

Conference reassembled at seven o'clock, and was opened with prayer by Brother Bartholomew.

Minutes of afternoon session read and approved.

Brother Swift, from the Committee on Conference Journals, reported certain amendments to the Discipline.

Rev. J. J. Smith moved that the Secretaries of the General Conference be instructed to number the sessions thereof, as if a continuation of the M. P. Church by the clause.

Which was lost by a failed vote.

The following resolution was offered by Rev. W. H. Smith:

Resolved, That each annual Conference having a fraction of five hundred and fifty or more members over a thousand, shall be entitled to one ministerial and one lay delegate for said fraction. Adopted.

Rev. Wm. Collier moved that the old Board of Publication and the Executive Committee be continued in office until the Book Concern removed to Pittsburgh. Carried.

Bro. Mount moved that Committee to compile the new hymn book, be authorized to prepare and publish a large edition of the same with music.

Dr. Flood moved to amend by adding the words, "So soon as the means of the Board shall justify."

The motion as amended was carried.

Bro. Wm. Rinehart called up the report of the Special Committee on Ministerial Education, which was considered section by section, and after several amendments had been added, adopted.

Bro. Gray offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the services of a Financial Agent for the Church Extension Fund be dispensed with as soon as the Board deem it necessary. Carried.

Rev. J. H. Robinson moved that the report of the Committee on Sabbath School Constitution be taken; also the adoption of the minority report.

Considerable discussion ensued, in which the members took quite an active part, and Bro. J. H. Robinson, a delegate from New York city, became rather indignant that the children should be uncared for in the Disciplines.

Adjourned with prayer by Brother Jordan.

General Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church.

WEDNESDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

Resumed business at ten o'clock A. M. The subject for discussion was "Family Prayer," which was discussed by Dr. Clark, Dr. Wilson and other members of the Synod.

When I read the Psalms I am ashamed of myself. Did he ever make a joke? He ever a buffoon? Had He ever a scrap of conversation without a moral? In his life there is nothing trifling or low, but all pure, grand glorious.

The minutes of the special order of the day was then taken up, which was the reception of the reports of the Committees of the Boards of Foreign and Domestic Missions.

The Chairman of the respective Committees stated that no meetings had been held because the Committees had been visiting the places of public interest in company with the Synod yesterday. On this account neither Committee was ready for the special order. Synod was consequently necessarily postponed.

A recess of forty minutes was then taken to allow the Committees time to meet.

Both reports were discussed at length, and the minutes of the Synod finally adopted.

The thanks of the Synod were returned to the citizens who entertained the members and the ladies in charge of the Sabbath School, also, to the Moderator for the faithful discharge of his duty.

After quite a few further votes of thanks, the Synod adjourned until next year.

THE COURTS.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE KIRKPATICK.

The case of J. T. Brady & Co., for use, vs. Pittsburgh Savings Bank was taken up and occupied the attention of the Court to the hour of adjournment. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs in the sum of $4,688, subject to the opinion of the Court in the question of law reserved. The points involves the liability of a bank certifying a check to be good, when they have no money, and also whether a check should be regularly protested as a promissory note on the days mentioned in the body of the same. These, with other questions, as above stated, were reserved by the Court.

DISTRICT COURT—JUDGE KIRKPATRICK.

No business transacted in this Court yesterday.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—JUDGES STERRETT AND COLLIER.

In the case of Douglas ex'rs vs. Jas. O'Neal, reported yesterday, the jury found for the plaintiff in the sum of $4,963.

Francis Drew vs. James Nicholson. Appeal. Verdict for plaintiff for $33 35.

High Constable vs. J. A. Maguire. Appeal. Verdict for defendant.

A. W. Stoffstone vs. Parkinson, Todd & Co. Action on account. Verdict for the plaintiff for $353 14.

General Order No. 3.

HEADQUARTERS ALLEGHENY DIVISION, }
May 26, 1871.

The formation of the Allegheny Division to participate in the dedication of the Soldiers Monument, May 30th, 1871, will be as follows:

The staff will form on west Ohio street, right resting on Federal; the City Councils on Federal, right resting on Ohio street; the Butchers on east Ohio street, right resting on Federal; all civic societies belonging east of Federal street will form on Montgomery avenue, ohio street and Park Way; all civic societies belonging west of Federal street will form on North avenue, Montgomery avenue and Park way.

The fire department will form on Robinson street, right resting on Federal street.

The column will move promptly at 12:30 P. M., orders will be given the numerous societies to take their places in the line.

The marshal and his aids will dress in citizens dark suits, with soft black hats or military caps and white gloves. Aids will wear red sash.

By order of

A. P. CALLOW, Marshal.

Official,
M. M. PORTER, A. A. General.

OIL NEWS.

Armstrong Run Oil Field.

Crozier Run, three-fourths of a mile north of the Armstrong Oil Field, and near the Black Fox, is being opened up. The tract owned by Col. J. B. Finlay and others comprise 500 acres, on which

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

GAZETTE BUILDING
Corner of Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

SATURDAY, MAY 27, 1871.

GOLD closed in New York yesterday at 111¼@111¼

COVENANTING.

Public, social covenanting has never we believe, been engaged in by *political or* religious bodies in this country, *as it was* in Scotland and other lands, in former times. Beyond communing together in the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper, the people of this country are strangers to formal, public covenanting. A few words on this solemn and interesting subject, by way merely of recalling to the recollection of our readers the principal covenants taken by people in other countries, may not be out of place at present, in view of the fact that the Reformed Presbyterian Synod, now in session in this city, have resolved to take upon them new covenant engagements to-day, or as they would rather express it, perhaps, renew the engagements they have already entered into.

The work of covenanting was frequently engaged in in Scotland, France and Germany, especially in the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries. The Old Testament church, and the ancient Waldenses frequently entered into religious covenants. The first occasion upon which Scottish reformers engaged in the work of covenanting, so far as we can learn, was in the year 1556, when a number of the nobility and gentry assembled in the house of a private gentleman in Lothian, and entered into a sacred contract to conform themselves to the demands of the Gospel, and live together in brotherly love. Similar engagements were entered into at Edinburgh in 1557, at Perth in 1559, and at Leith in 1560 and 1562. Hethrington, in his history of the Church of Scotland, says that the instrument signed at Edinburgh on the 3d day of December, 1557, was the First Covenant ever made in Scotland. In it the "lords and chief gentry," who were devoted to the work of reformation, pledged themselves to God and to each other to stand up for their own defence and that of the Gospel. The bond which was signed at Perth on the 31st day of May, 1559, according to the same authority, was the Second Covenant, and was similar in matter and form to the first.

In the year 1580, the Short Confession of Faith, or First National Covenant of Scotland was drawn up by John Craig, at the request of James II. The first part of this bond was retained in all the national covenants that were subsequently adopted by the Church and the people of the Kingdom. It was signed by the King and his courtiers, as well as a large majority of the nobility and gentry of Scotland in 1581, and again by all classes of people in 1590 and 1596. Its object was to exhibit the national dislike to the Duke of Lennox, and other members of the nobility, who were supposed to be favorable to the Church of Rome.

But the bonds to which the greatest significance is attached by Churchmen, and especially the descendants of the reformers of Scotland, are the National Covenant, and the Solemn League and Covenant.

The National Covenant consisted of the Covenant of 1581, already referred to, and the recitation of several acts of Parliament which condemned the Roman Catholic religion, together with some specifications adapted to the then existing circumstances of the church and the nation. It was signed in 1638 by barons, nobles, burgesses, ministers and commons, and approved by the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland in the same and following year. It was again subscribed by persons of all ranks and conditions in 1639 in pursuance of an ordinance of Council, and the act of the Church. The formal act of signing the Covenant in Greyfriars church, Edinburgh, on the 28th of February, 1638, was attended with "intense emotions." "Some wept aloud; some burst into a shout of exaltation; some after their names, added the words, '*till death*,' and some opening a vein, subscribed with their own warm blood."

This bond was subscribed by Charles II., at Spey, June 23, 1650, at Dunfermline in August of the same year, and at Scone, January 1st, 1651, on the occasion of his coronation.

The Solemn League and Covenant, which was agreed upon by the Commissioners from Parliament, the Assembly of English Divines, the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, and the Commissioners of the Convention of Estates, was approved by the Church, both houses of Parliament, and the Assembly of divines, and subscribed in 1643. Its objects were the reformation and defence of religion, according to the ideas of the signers; the honor and happiness of the King, and the safety of the three kingdoms of Scotland, England and Ireland. It was ratified by an act of the Scottish Parliament in 1644, and was subscribed anew in 1648, by persons of all classes, and by Parliament itself in 1649. When Charles I. surrendered himself to the Scottish army in 1646, he expressed his disapprobation of it, but Charless II. bound himself by a solemn oath in 1650, at Spey, that he would hold himself bound by its requirements, as well as by those of the National Covenant. He renewed his subscription to it at Scone in 1651, when he received the Scottish crown. In the latter year, the covenant was ratified by Parliament, and subscription to it was made obligatory upon every member of that body. Indeed, it was declared that unless every member of Parliament subscribed to it, their meeting would be illegal and all their acts null and void.

Parliament afterwards pronounced the Covenant illegal, and all who gave their adherence to it guilty of treason. Charles, notwithstanding his repeated oath to abide by the Solemn League, afterwards renounced it, and, on the 2d day of January, 1662, ordered the establishment of Prelacy, which the Covenant denounced equally with Popery. He prohibited the assembling together of Kirk sessions, Presbyteries and Synods, unless they received authority from the Archbishops and Bishops to hold their meetings. Thus Presbyterianism gained little by its connection with this royal Covenanter. By this act of the volatile and perfidious King, Presbytery was almost paralyzed in Scotland, and Prelacy became triumphant. Thus it was demonstrated that mere covenants can accomplish nothing, unless their provisions are carried out by moral principle.

We have studiously avoided a discussion of the state of affairs in Scotland, which called forth the covenants referred to. This is more appropriate work for religious or denominational journals. We cannot at this distant day form any adequate conception of the state of things during the reforming times, as they are called, in Scotland. But a careful and unbiased reader of the history of those times cannot but see that there were excesses committed by the different parties to the strifes which so long convulsed the nation. It is not our province, however, to offer an apology for the strong language used, or the violence committed by any party.

It will be seen that the covenants were of a decidedly politico-religious character, and that kings, politicians and legislators, as well as churchmen, were deeply interested in their adoption or rejection. The Solemn League and Covenant has been denounced as fearfully intolerant. It sets forth that those who should swear to it "shall endeavor the extirpation of Popery and Prelacy, that is, church government by Archbishops, Bishops, Deans, &c." But it also declares that the covenanters "shall endeavor the extirpation of superstition, heresy, schism, profaneness and whatsoever shall be found to be contrary to sound doctrine and the power of godliness." It is evident then, that the meaning of the covenanters was that they would "extirpate" these things by the use *of moral* constraint and gospel influence. If the word extirpate was used to indicate that they would destroy those with the sword who opposed the Presbyterian form of government, or adhered to any other, we do not think there is a Presbyterian in this land that would say they were warranted to use such means to make converts. We do not believe that the sword, or persecution in any form, has ever made a convert.

The bond which the Reformed Presbyterians are about to enter into to-day is purely religious in its character, and is entirely free from those objections which have been so often urged against the Covenanters of Scotland. Believing in the divine right of Presbyterianism they declare they "disown and reject all other forms of ecclesiastical polity," but do not menace their destruction. They also swear that they "will pray and labor for the peace and welfare of the country."

There will no doubt be a large congregation at the church on eighth street today to witness the interesting ceremony.

RELIGIOUS INTELLIGENCE.

Considerable stress seems to be placed upon the utterances of Froude, the historian, on "Calvinism," especially by those who sympathize with that school of believers. The *Presbyterian* commenting upon the characteristics of that remarkable address, presents several things as the teachings of history. We simply name some of the points, and our readers can judge of the logic of such assumptions: 1. Calvinism is itself strictly the expression of facts. Froude is quoted: "If Arminisanism most commends itself to our feelings, Calvinism is nearer to the facts, however harsh ort forbidding those facts may seem." 2. The conviction of the truth naturally trends to express itself in the moral formulas of Calvinism. 3. Calvinism is essentially moral in its practical influence. 4. Calvinism has formed the truely noble men of the world. 5. Calvinism has been the great revolutionary power of the world against spiritual and temporal tyranny, and in the interests of the true Republican rights of the people.

During the late session of the Pennsylvania Episcopal Convention, in Philadelphia, one of the lagest bodies in that Church, quite a lively contest occurred at different stages between the High and Low Church party, especially in the election of deputies to the General Convention, resulting in the success of the Low-Church men.

At one of the meetings of the Baptists, at Chicago, the irrepresible slavery question broke out with great violence; the Rev. Dr. Burroughs, of Richmond, Va., declaring his belief that the holding of Africans in bondage was not morally wrong, and the Rev. Dr. Travner, of Memphis gave his testimony that the negro was never so happy as when in chains in the South. The Committee of Publication recommended in their report that additional funds should be raised in order "to create a literature fully Baptistic, and free from a sectional spirit." This shot at the Northern Publication Society, we believe, did not pass, or at least the fangs were taken out, and the modified report was adopted.

The *Churchman* has a lively editorial on funeral extravagance which deserves a wide circulation. It presents the folly of expensive funerals, especially among the poor, frequently entailing debt, suffering, and needless privation in many a case.

The Board of Delegates of American Israelites, held its annual meeting at the Nineteenth street synagogue, New York, last week. Thirty congregations were represented, each by two delegates.

According to the language of a *Presbyterian* the churches of that denomination are generally acting on the prinaipal that no assent to a creed is to be exacted of private members, when entering into the membership of the Church. Such assent is only required of them who are ordained to office in the Church.

Of the sixty-nine delegates present at the Andover Congregational Conference, recently held at Lowell, Mass., twenty five were women, from ten different Churches.

The *Churchman* in a lengthy editorial on "What News should be printed," takes the ground that the duties of newspapers to the public are in kind precisely like those which any class or profession owes to the public, and have no more of an official character. Publishers are under all those restraints of morality that bind other men.

There are three churches and one mission in Philadelphia, of the Moravian denomination, which shows a gratifying success within a score of years.

The next Triennial Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church, to be held in Baltimore, in October, will be a very important meeting, in view of the grave questions now agitating the Church, such as ritualism, ecclesiastical garments, Cheneyism, etc.

THE STATE.

PICNIC grounds, with dancing platforms have been fitted up at Valley Forge of Revolutionary fame.

IN ERIE, on Wednesday, a fire destroyed Crouches Elevator, containing ten thousand bushels of grain. Hagues' pump works and two dwelling houses. The losses are estimated at about $50,000, on which there is insurance amounting to something like $27,000.

A VERY sad accident occurred on Tuesday last, at 4 P. M., on the Oakland Coal road, some two miles from Sharpsville, Mercer county. An engine and train of cars were thrown from the track by coming in contact with a cow, which was crossing it, which resulted in the death of Joseph Bryson, son of James D. Bryson, Esq., of New Castle, and breaking the leg of the engineer in charge of the train.

THE Indiana *Progress* says: At the raising of Wm. Wallace's barn, in Washington township, on Wednesday last, a terrible accident occurred by the fall of the barn. The barn was raised to the square, when it swung for the want of bracing, the whole structure fell to the ground, severely injuring Sydney Marlin Esq., Capt. John Marlin, Samuel Fleming, Adam Kettering, John McCasland, and several others bruised more or less.

WELLSBORO, Tioga county, had a course of first-class lectures during the past winter, and because it is so small a place, thought they must necessarily lose largely by it, and consequently raised a subscription beforehand to pay for the deficiencies; but so intelligent are the people of that place that the receipts were scarcely forty dollars less than the expenses. Many a fair-sized town, like Cleveland for instance, can't do half as well.

DURING a storm last week in Lancaster county, the lightning struck Peter Ebersole's barn, in Conoy township, completely destroying that and a large crop of hay and grain, besides several valuable agricultural implements; also, a large sty full of pigs. Then it struck and destroyed a barn, with its contents, belonging to Abraham Andrews, in Donegal township. Besides these, a tenant house belonging to a Mr. Herr was destroyed.

THE Easton *Free Press* says: A family in the upper part of our county, near Catasauqua, imagined a roll of butter which they had in their cellar to be bewitched, and "old Gretchen" thought she really saw the tracks of the witch. What did they do but gather three or four neighbor farmers, each armed with a blunderbuss shot gun, and one carrying the butter out in the yard, shot and blew the commodity to atoms, and, of course, killed the witch.

CLARION COUNTY has a female Ku Klux who is determined not to contribute her share to educating the rising generation. It appears that one Mrs. Knoko, a rich widow owning a fruitful farm, but being herself childless, conceived the idea of refusing to pay for the education of other people's children. Accordingly, when the tax collector called to levy on property sufficient to meet his demands, the irate and resolute widow barricaded her stable doors and made demonstrations of resistance. The officer and his possee, after viewing the situation, commenced tearing off boards to get the cow out. This aroused the ire of the female warrior, and she commenced to attack the invaders with clubs, stones, and pitch-forks were called into requisition, and the battle raged fearfully for an hour, when the sailing party, from force of numbers, succeeded in storming the fortress and driving off the cow.

OHIO.

FORTY-THREE veterans of the war of 1812, now live in Knox county, and draw pensions, besides ten who do not draw them.

THE Mount Vernon *Banner* says: On Wednesday night some daring scoundrels entered the Photograph Gallery of Mr Crouch, on the corner of Main and Gambier streets, and stole therefrom two large Cameras, valued at $1.50.

THIS notice from a Carroll county paper seems to us to be a little refreshing:

Persons whose advertisements were handed in during the past week will please call and see appearance this week. The unusual amount of Job Work has crowded us very much. It will be all right next week.

THE Lawrence *Journal* says: A shooting affair occurred at Youngstown, on Monday last. James Raven loaded his rifle and said he was going down street to shoot Cleaney Andrews, and shortly after leaving the house it was found he had shot Wm S. Parmalee, his brother in law, through the body. Mr. P's recovery was doubtful when our informant last heard from him. An old grudge the cause.

THE prisoners of the Crawford county jail, at Bucyrus, finding their confinement rather monotonous, concluded to leave on last Thursday evening, and eight of them made a rush at the Sheriff as he attempted to lock them up in the cells for the night, and overpowering him made their escape. From all we can learn there is no especial necessity for a prisoner remaining in the Bucyrus jail if he doesn't want to stay. Two of the escaped birds have since been recaptured.

GROUND was broken on Monday, at Bucyrus, on the Northern Division of the Atlantic and Lake Erie Railroad. All the bells in the city were rung, the factory and steam mill whistles blown, and a procession formed of the different fire companies, and an immense concourse of citizens, who marched to the point designated for commencing the operations. The multitude was called together by Judge Lee, after which speeches were made by Judge Clements, W. C. Lemert, and D. W. Bowgart, President of the road.

THE Mahoning *Vindicator* says that "Isaac Crowell, a resident of Briar Hill near Youngstown, has been arrested on the charge of trying to commit a rape or rapes on two little girls named Emily and Alice Cook, aged respectively seven and nine years." From the evidence adduced at the preliminary examination, Crowell was bound over to await the action of the next District Court in the penal sum of one thousand dollars. If Crowell should be found guilty, an example should be made of him in order that others may be deterred from committing or attempting to commit such hellish outrages.

HARD RUBBER TRUSSES.

You have observed posted up around the city placards of hard rubber trusses, which are said to retain any rupture, however severe, with the additional advantage that they will not rust or corrode. Dr. Keyser, at 167 Liberty street, has these, as well as every other kind of truss that may be needed for the relief and cure of hernia or rupture of the bowels. Let the afflicted remember as they go along that Dr. Keyser's after all is the place. If you want cheap trusses, from two dollars and upwards, the Doctor has them, as well as the best and highest quality that can be procured in the United States.

To the ruptured, there is nothing of equal importance to have a well fitting and properly adjusted instrument, therefore let not persons who have a breach or rupture waste valuable time in trying useless and inefficient remedies, when a sure and absolute relief can be obtained at Dr Keyser's Truss Depot, 167 Liberty street, which is at the same time an office for the cure of every chronic disease. Cut this advertisement out, so that you can remember the place. my23

FRESH ARRIVAL—JUST RECEIVED.
50 cases St. Louis Michigan Water.
25 cases of Hath ra springs Water.
10 ca es of High Rock Congress Water.
10 barrels Blue Lick Water.
Just received direct from the Springs, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO'S
DRUG STORE AND MINERAL WATER DEPOT.
Cor. Penn and Sixth streets, (old St. Clair.)
N. B.—Where you will find the finest mineral Waters in the city, Kissingen, Vichy, Blue Lick and Congress on draught, drawn from marble founts and one of the finest west of New York city. Remember, at
JAMES E. BURNS & CO.,
Corner of Penn and Sixth street.

SELLERS'
Imperial Cough Syrup
Has given relief to thousands who have used it, and the proprietor is persuaded that it has the power to impart benefit that cannot be claimed for the cough mixtures in general use.
Most of the mixtures sold for coughs are composed of spirituous and inflammatory articles, which, while they give little relief, really do harm.
THE IMPERIAL COUGH SYRUP,
Contains no spirituous ingredients whatever, and may be used in all cases not requiring active medical treatment.

Lindsays Impr'd Blood Searcher.
Cures Erysipelas, Scrofula, Ulcers, Cutaneous Diseases, Sore Eyes, Pimples on the Face, Scald Heads, Mercurial Diseases, Debility, Salt Rheum, etc.

Johnson's Rheumatic Compound.
One house in Massachusetts sold fifty bottles JOHNSTON'S RHEUMATIC COMPOUND with the agreement, NO CURE MONEY REFUNDED, and had only three bottles refunded. Why endure aching limbs and stiff joints when there is such a certain remedy.

Sold by all Druggists.
PREPARED ONLY BY
R. E. SELLERS & CO.,
TTHS No. 45 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE HOUSEHOLD TONIC.
The effence of Hostetter's Celebrated Stomach Bitters as a specific for recruiting the enfeebled body and cheering the desponding mind has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where this marvelous tonic has borne down all opposition and eclipsed all rivalry, the demand for it has annually increased in a heavier and heavier ratio for years until at last, the regular sales of this preparation exceed those of all other stomachics combined. Eminent members of the medical profession and hospital surgeons without number have candidly admitted that the pharmacopœia of the faculty contains no prescription that produces such beneficial effects in dyspepsia, general debility and nervous disorders as Hostetter's Bitters. To use the language of a venerable physician of New York, "The Bitters are the purest stimulant and the safest tonic we have. But the uses of the great vegetable antidote are much more comprehensive than such praise would imply. As a preparatory antidote to epidemic disease, a genial stimulant, a promoter of constitutional vigor, an aperitizer, a stomachic, and a remedy for nervous debility, no medicinal preparation has ever attained the reputation of Hostetter's Bitters. It is in the household tonic of the American people, and in all human probability will be so for centuries to come. The magnates of science recognize its merits; and that it is emphatically the medicine of the masses, is proved by its vast and ever increasing sales.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
FABER & VAN DOREN,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
MACHINERY,
Steam Pumps,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery, Machine Cards.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
ORDERS SOLICITED.

GRAFF, HUGUS & CO.,
Manufacturers of
Cooking and Heating
STOVES,
RANGES, FURNACES,
AND
Fine Grate Fronts,
INCLUDING THE
COLUMBIA COOK STOVE,
Confidence Cook Stove,
The Boston
DOUBLE-OVEN IMPROVED
Cooking Range,
Nile's Improved Star Range,
AND
FIERY FURNACE.
OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE:
206 and 208
Liberty Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
RETAIL STORES
Summer Goods.
Largest Stock in the City.
LOWEST PRICES.
LACE GOODS,
COMPRISING
Black English Thread Lace Points,
Sacques, Jackets, Berthas and Fichues,
Llama Lace Points at $15 00 and upward.
Llama Shawls at $35 00, worth $50 00.
Llama Lace Sacques at $15 00 and upward, All tyles, with and without Flowing Sleeves.
Lace Berthas in Guipure and Thread.
Lace Robes, Lace Overdresses.
Collarettes and Collars.
In Point, Point Applique, Duchess, Honiton and Valenciennes.
Lace Handkerchiefs, all qualities.
Lace Trimmed and Embroidered Linen Sets.
Lace Trimmed Sets at $8o.
Braided Sets at $1 00 each.
LADIES' SUMMER SUITS.
Largest stock to select from in the city. Good styles and well made, in
Buff Linen, Brown Lawn,
White Swiss and Victoria Lawn.
P. K. Wrappers,
Swiss Lace Trimmed Overdresses.
Ladies' Muslin and Cambric Underwear.
Embroidered and Lace, Trimmed and Plain.
BRIDAL SETS.
Custom made Dressing Gowns, Chemises and Drawers.
Tucked Skirts, selling at 75c. and upward. Real bargains in this line of goods.
INFANTS' OUTFITS.
Fine and Common Infants' Robes,
Plain and Tucked and Embroidered Skirts and Wrappers.
Embroidered Flannel Skirts.
Embroidered Flannel and Merino Shawls.
Infants' Zephyr Knit Jackets, Sacques, Hoods and Undershirts.
Infants' Braided P. K. Circulars and Cloaks.
Infants' Toilet Baskets.
EMBROIDERIES.
Hamburg Flouncing, Edging and Insertings, at popular prices.
Handsome Open Work Embroidery in very great variety.
WHITE GOODS.
White P. K., new Patterns.
Plain Barred and Striped Nainsook.
Machine Tucked Nainsook.
Swiss and Victoria Lawns.
HANDKERCHIEFS
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, all linen, at 10c., 12½c., 18c and 20c. Very good at 25c.
Child's Fancy Bordered at 12½c.
SUMMER SEASON.
STRAW GOODS.
Stock complete at all times.
All the newest styles in Leghorn, Milan, Pearl, Pedal and Cactice, Gimps, Ladies' Hats and Bonnets, Misses' and Children's Hats, Ladies' Swiss Hats, Children's P. K. Hats, something new.
LARGEST STOCK OF
RIBBONS
To be found anywhere, all shades and widths.
FLOWERS.
Fine French, in delicate shades.
Ostrich Tips.
Bonnet Silks, new, all shades.
Full line of Bonnets.
BLACK DRESS SILKS at bargain prices.
BLACK GROS GRAIN DRESS SILKS at $1 15, $1 25, $1 40, $1 50 and upward to the best quality.
TRIMMINGS.
300 Pieces Black Guipure Lace, all widths and prices.
Black Crochette and Silk Gimps.
Black and Colored Silk Fringes.
Loop Ornaments and Buttons.
Notions! Notions!
Silk Fans,
Hair and Tooth Brushes,
Jet Jewelry, Hand Mirrors, &c
Parasols, Parasols,
The place to buy Parasols. White, Buff and Pongee, with colored linings.
Black Parasols and Linen Umbrellas.
Lace Parasol Covers.
HOSIERY.
Summer Stock now complete.
Extra fine and full regular Hose for Ladies, at 25c. per pair.
Best makes in Balbriggan and English Hose for Ladies and Children.
Children's Fancy Hose in very great variety.
Ladies' Children and Gents'
SUMMER GLOVES.
Ladies' Gloves worth 50c. selling for 25c.
Good Kids at 75c per pair.
Children's Fancy Silk Gloves.
Ladies' kid Finish Silk Gloves.
Gents' Lisle and Kid Dress and Driving Gloves.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.
Summer Underwear in Silk, Balbrigan, Gossamer and Gauze, all grades and prices.
Bows and Scarfs.
"Star" and "True Fit" Shirts, in all styles and grades at Lowest Prices, and everything to complete a gentleman's toilet.
Our motto is to give the very best quality of Goods at the very Lowest Possible Prices.
JOSEPH HORNE & CO.
NEW RETAIL STORES,
197 & 199 Penn Avenue,
LIBRARY BUILDING.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ADVICE
TO THE
BROKEN-DOWN
IN
HEALTH.
Those of Bad Blood
AND
OLD MAIDS IN PARTICULAR
APRIL, MAY and JUNE.
PURIFY THE BLOOD.
In These Months
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Cures all eruptions of the skin.
HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
Cures the worst form of BLOOD DISEASES.
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
ENTERS READILY INTO THE CIRCULATION OF THE BLOOD.
HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA
BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION.
All Powders and outward applications destroy the skin, rendering it harsh and coarse. Look at the skin of old maids and those that have used much any kind of time. My advice is to discontinue them and use
HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA.
ONE BOTTLE IS EQUAL IN STRENGTH TO ONE GALLON OF THE SYRUPS OR DECOCTIONS AS USUALLY MADE; AND A WINE GLASS ADDED TO A PINT OF WATER EQUALS THE CELEBRATED
LISBON DIET DRINK. TRY IT THIS WAY.
A DELIGHTFUL BEVERAGE.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS.
A PLEASANT, SAFE AND AGREEABLE CATHARTIC.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS.
Used in all affections where a purgative medicine is needed.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS,
HARMLESS TO A CHILD AND TAKEN BY CHILDREN.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS
SUPERSEDE MAGNESIA, SALTS, AND EVERY OTHER PURGATIVE.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS,
CERTAIN IN EFFECT AND PLEASANT IN OPERATION.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILL
IS NOT A PATENTED PILL.
HELMBOLD'S
CATAWBA GRAPE PILLS
ARE COMPOSED OF CATAWBA GRAPE JUICE AND FLUID EXTRACT RHUBARD.
HOW TO PROCEED IN THE SPRING AND SUMMER MONTHS
To insure NEW LIFE, NEW BLOOD, NEW VIGOR.
Purchase two bottles of HELMBOLD'S SARSAPARILLA and one box of PILLS—WORTH THEIR WEIGHT IN GOLD.
No better investment can be made for so small a sum.
HELMBOLD'S
Fluid Extract Buchu
HAS ACQUIRED A
WORLD WIDE FAME.
All of my preparations are meritorious. A period of twenty years has PROVED THIS to be the case.
See remarks made by Benjamin Travers, F. R. C. S., &c. Speaking of those diseases, and diseases arising from the excess of mercury, he states that no remedy is equal to the extract of Sarsaparilla; its power is extraordinary, more so than any other drug I am acquainted with. It is, in the strictest sense, a tonic, with this invaluable attribute, that it is applicable to the state of the system so sunken, and yet so irritable as renders other substances of the tonic class unavailable or injurious
See REMARKS of the GREAT CHEMISTS and PILL MEN OF AMERICA.
WM. R. WARNER & CO.,
154 North Third street, Philadelphia, Pa.
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Esteemed Friend:
I congratulate you on having the handsomest and at the same time the MOST EFFECTIVE PILL that I have ever known for the purposes intended.
WM. P. WARNER & CO.
H. T. HELMBOLD
Will remark in conclusion that his Remedies are the result of long and careful study. The Fluid Extracts have been before the public twenty years; the sale of them in that time proves their value All have been benefitted by them who followed my instructions, and to-day they stand UNEQUALLED in the extent of their sales and UNSURPASSED by any Medicament in the Dispensary of the United States, not excepting a single HERB, ROOT, PLANT, or scientific preparation.
Pharmaceutical I claim all mine to be, and have never patented a single one.
All Stand on Their Merits.
The Pill I have thought of offering to the afflicted for ten years.
They are now perfect, and I shall stake my time, money and fame on their effectiveness. The inviting style in which the Pill itself is made, the bottle, label, wrapper, all show with what care they have been prepared. After examination, no English or French preparation will show greater care, and I am really proud of them.
Instead of the nauseous-looking, carelessly prepared Pills vended generally and put up in wooden boxes, and made generally or offered by those having no experience as physicians, druggists, or manufacturers of medicines.
Test the medicine offered by
Your obedient servant,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Crystal Palace Drug Store, 594 Broadway, New York.
Palace Pharmacy, Gilsey House, Broadway and Twenty-ninth street, New York.
Temple of Pharmacy, Continental Hotel, Philadelphia, and 104 South Tenth street, Philadelphia.
P. S.—HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU has gained a world-wide fame.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
A
WILLIAM
165, 167 and 169 Fed
AT 27½ CENTS.
Pure Mohair Alpacas,
Having bought, a manufacturer's stock of the above pure Mohair Alpacas, I am enabled to offer them at a gre at bargain.
All the Latest Novelties in Dress Goods at very Low Prices.
12½c., Plain Black and Figured Grenadines.
12½c., Beautiful styles Light Delaines.
12½c., Wash Poplins, Mixtures of all colors.
25c., Plain and Plaid Japanese Poplins.
25c., Plain and Corded A pacas, all colors.
25 and 31c., Beautiful Chenev Mixed Mohairs.
17½ and 25c., Chintz Mohairs an extra bargain.
10c., Good 4-4 Bleached Muslins.
12½c., Kentucky Jeans.
Plain and Fancy
JAPANESE SILK ROBES,
ALL COLORS.
Glace and Gros Grain Black Silks.
Plain, Plaid and Striped Dress Silks.
Cassimeres, Jeans and Cottonades.
Plain, Plaid and Striped Linens and Nankeens for Men and Boys Wear.
AT POPULAR PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
SUITS, SUITS,
Lawn Suits,
Linen Suits.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
21 Fifth Avenue.
We take pleasure in announcing that we are receiving a full and choice line of
Lawn and Linen Suits,
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
ALL NEW STYLES
IN
Lama Lace Sacques,
Lama Lace Points,
Lama Lace Overdress.
A FRESH ARRIVAL
OF
Spring Shawls,
Black Silks,
Japanese Silks,
Pure Silks,
IN BLACK AND WHITE.
LACE CURTAINS AND NETS,
Silk Mantles,
Foulard Silks,
AT LOW PRICES.
21 Fifth Avenue.
ap26
WHOLESALE.
Morganstern & Co.,
78 and 80 MARKET STREET.
1,000 doz. RIBBED HOSE.
2,000 doz. PLAIN COTTON HOSE.
2,000 doz. MEN'S HALF HOSE.
GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS—a complete stock.
A A RIBBONS at Eastern prices.
WHITE GOODS OF ALL KINDS.
MARSEILLES AND COTTON TRIMMINGS.
A splendid selection of
PIQUES,
AT THE LOWEST FIGURES.
Embroideries all widths.
ROYAL DUKE PAPER COLLARS.
ARAGO COLLARS.
BOZ COLLARS.
DICKENS COLLARS.
SPOOL COTTONS.
ALL THE STANDARD MAKES.
Country storekeepers will find it to their advantage to look through our stock before purchasing elsewhere.
MORGANSTERN & CO.,
ap26:27 78 and 80 MARKET STREET.
DRY GOODS
ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,
Offer their
New Spring Stock
AT EASTERN PRICES.
Lowest in Nine Years.
No. 115 Wood Street.
HEATH & SPEER.
WALL PAPER.
Spring Styles.
STENCIL and PLAIN TINTS, with borders.
ELEGANT STAMPED GOLD PAPERS.
Every variety of PANEL WORK for Halls, Dining Rooms, Vestibules, Churches.
These have been selected with great care and are the choicest in the market.
W. P. MARSHALL,
ap6:p69 191 LIBERTY ST., above Sixth.
FIRE CLAY
WATER PIPES,
Chimney Flues,
AND
CHIMNEY TOPS.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
ap11:q12-TTHS 133 SECOND AVENUE
LEATHER,
Hides and Oil,
GEO. H. ANDERSON & CO.,
No. 128 Second Avenue
(Near Smithfield street.)
de6:j2 PITTSBURGH, PA

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
T
SEMPLE'S
eral Street, Allegheny.
Summer Millinery.
Straw and Fancy Gimp Hats and Bonnets.
A beautiful assortment of French Flowers, in Roses, Sprays and Wreathes.
Bonnet Ribbons, all colors and widths.
Plain and Plaid Sash Ribbons, all colors.
Illusions, Crapes, Satins and Trimming Silks
Ladies and Gents' Linen and Fancy Handkerchief's.
Jaconet and Pique Embroidered Trimmings.
Linen, Cotton and Silk Laces.
Fancy Silk, Linen, Willow and Palm Leaf Fans.
Kid and Lisle Thread Gloves.
Ladies' and Children's Plain and Fancy Hose.
Parasols and Sun Umbrellas.
A COMPLETE STOCK OF
SUMMER SHAWLS AND SKIRTS.
Black Lama Lace Shawls, from $4 up.
$1 62, Shetland Shawls.
50c. and 75c., Printed Summer Shawls.
$2, Light Woolen Shawls.
62c., Light Fancy Gored Skirts.
75c., White Woven Skirts, a great bargain.
Carpets, Oil Cloths, and Housekeeping Dry Goods,
AT VERY LOW PRICES,
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

A medicine that cures is a real public blessing. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA makes positive cure of a series of Complaints which are always afflicting and sometimes fatal. It purifies the blood, purges out the lurking humors in the system which undermine health and settle into troublesome disorders. Eruptions of the skin are the appearance on the surface of humors that should be expelled from the blood. Internal derangements are the determination of these same humors to some internal organ, or organs, whose action they derange and whose substance they disease and destroy. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA expels these humors from the blood. When they are gone, the diseases they produce disappear, such as *Ulcerations of the Liver, Stomach, Kidneys, Lungs, Eruptions and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, St Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tumors, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Ulcers and Sore, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Pain in the Bones, Side and Head, Female Weakness, Sterility, Leucorrhea arising from internal ulceration and uterine disease, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Dissolution, and General Debility.* With their departure health returns.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

B. L. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,

WHOLESALE AGENTS.						
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25					$2.00
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10	25					$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00
10	25	50	75	$1.00	$1.50	$2.00

These are the LEADING PRICES AT EVANS' DEPARTMENT STORE, 56 Fifth Avenue, MASONIC HALL.

American Watches.
Waltham Watch Co.,
E. Howard & Co.,
Elgin Watch Co.,
United States Watch Co.,
OF ALL GRADES.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
At the Lowest Prices in the City.
THE
"ZIMMERMAN WATCH."
This Watch, made by Karl Zimmerman, Liverpool, is fully equal to any watch in the market, not excepting the Frodsham. its superiority is fully attested by the wearers of them in this city.
FOR SALE BY
MEYRAN & SIEDLE.
Sole Agents, 42 Fifth Avenue.
ap22:p52
THE
BALTIMORE AMERICAN
And Commercial Advertiser.
ESTABLISHED IN
MORNING, 1774 AND WEEKLY
AFTERNOON, EDITIONS.
Merchants and others in Pittsburgh and vicinity seeking Southern and Western trade will find THE AMERICAN an advertising medium unsurpassed by any newspaper South, and a prominent first-class business and family journal. THE AMERICAN has a large and rapidly increasing circulation along the line of all the railroads confluencing Pittsburgh and Baltimore. Specimen copies sent free.
CHAS. C. FULTON & SON,
ap29 BALTIMORE, MD.
GREAT WESTERN
Planing Mill
AND
BOX FACTORY,
Cor. 3d Street and Duquesne Way.
Patent Moulded Weather Boarding of every style, Sash, Doors, Blinds and Brackets, constantly on hand. Flooring, Frames, Palings and Boxes of every description furnished on shortest notice.
HEATH & SPEER.
WALL PAPER.
Spring Styles.
STENCIL and PLAIN TINTS, with borders.
ELEGANT STAMPED GOLD PAPERS.
Every variety of PANEL WORK for Halls, Dining Rooms

FINANCIAL.

Robinson Brothers,

BANKERS,

No. 78 Fourth Ave.,

Buy and sell all kinds of

Government Securities, State, City and County Bonds, Real Estate Mortgages and Business Paper.

Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS at the NEW YORK STOCK BOARD.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

au23-tf

$100,000

Pittsburgh & Connellsville R. R.

SIX PER CENT. BONDS,

(TURTLE CREEK DIVISION.)

These Bonds are a first lien on the road now fully completed and in running order, and take precedence of the 7 per cent. bonds, are dated 1858, for thirty years, with interest, payable February and August.

For Sale at 86 and Accrued Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.

my2tf45

James T. Brady & Co.,

BANKERS,

Fourth Avenue and Wood Street.

Financial Agents of United States FOR

FUNDED LOAN

Of 1880, 1885 and 1900.

SUBSCRIPTION BOOKS NOW OPEN.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

THE DAILY GAZETTE.

MONEY AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, May 26, 1871. }

The local demand for money continues light, and is easily supplied at fair terms.

The stock market is without any features of interest. Prices are well maintained, and our most popular bonds and stocks are getting scarcer every day. There is room for new ventures of the right sort.

The eastern market is irregular. U. S. Bonds are dull, but steady in tone.

Gold remains at 111¾@111¾.

The Railway list appears to be throughout in the hands of the cliques, who are putting up some and pulling down others. Reading and Rock Island maintain the high quotations quite firmly, as do also the Express stocks. Lake shore fluctuates uneasily, as though the pool were anxious but unable to get out. Id Cleveland & Pittsburgh the downward movement continues, whether to be permanent, or a scoop of the unwary time alone will develop.

Robinson Bros., No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following comparative quotations of bonds and stocks, from their latest advices by wire:

	Thursday.	Friday.
Bonds—1881	117¾	117¾
5-20s	113¾	113¾
" 1864	111¾	111¾
" 1865	111¾	111¾
" 1865 new	111¾	111¾
" 1867	113¾	113¾
" 1868	113¾	113¾
10-40s	110¾	110¾
Currency 6s	115¾	115¾
Gold	111¾	111¾
RAILWAYS		
New York Central	99¾	99¾
Do Scrip	94¾	94¾
Erie	30¾	29¾
Reading	117¾	117
Lake Shore	115¾	114
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	124¾	123¾
Rock Island	118¾	119¾
Chicago & N. W.	86¾	86¾
Do. Preferred	99¾	98¾
St. Paul. Common	62¾	62¾
Do. Preferred	84¾	84¾
Wabash	64¾	64¾
Do. Preferred	90¾	90¾
Ohio & Mississippi	51	50¾
Pacific Mail	46¾	46¾
West. Union Telegraph	69¾	69¾
Adams Express	80¾	81
U. S. Express	56	56
Wells Fargo	45¾	45¾

Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co:

Gold	111¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '65	113¾
U. S. 6s, 1881	117¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '67	113¾
U. S. 5-20 1862	113¾	5-20 Jan. & Jy. '68	113¾
U. S. 5-20 1864	111¾	C. P. R. R.	92¾
U. S. 5-20 1865	111¾	C. P. R. R.	103¾
U. S. 10-40	109¾	Cy. Pacifics	113¾

NEW YORK, May 26, 1871.

Gold quiet and strong at 111¾@111¾. Loans were made 1@2 per cent. Clearings 24 millions. Government dull and steady with only a material change. Stocks opened irregular; the cliques in Rock Island and Reading, which are both managed by the same party, bid these stocks up, which imparted a little activity to the market, but it soon died out and the market became very dull, closing at ¼@¾ off from the best prices of the day. There is a feeling of uneasiness among the brokers, who are advising their customers to use caution in purchasing at high prices. Money is in better demand at 4 per cent. Southern bonds firm.

Sterling Exchange 110¾.

GOVERNMENT—Coupons, 1881, 117¾; 5-20s, '62, 113¾; do '64, 113¾; do '65, 113¾; do '65, new, 113¾; do '67, 113¾; do '68, 113¾; 10-40s, 109¾; currency sixes, 115¾.

STATE BONDS—Missouri 95¾; old Tennessee 71¾; new do 72; new Virginia 65¾; do do 60; old North Carolina 47¾; new do 26.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 69¾; Quicksilver, 15; Mariposa, 5¼; do preferred, 9¾; Adams Express, 81; Wells & Fargo Express, 46; American Union do, 56; United States do, 56¾; Pacific Mail, 46¾; New York Central, 99¾; Scrip, 94¾; Erie, 30¾; do preferred, 53; Hudson, 123; do preferred, 134; Reading, 116¾; Michigan Central, 124¾; Cleveland & Pittsburgh, 122¾; Northwestern, 86¾; do preferred, 99¾; Rock Island, 119; New Jersey Central, 113; St. Paul, 62¾; do preferred, 81; Wabash, 64¾; do preferred, 81; Ft. Wayne, 90¾; Terre Haute, 50¾; do preferred 62; Chicago & Alton, 120; do preferred, 121¾; Ohio & Mississippi, 50¾; C. C. & C. 80¾; Baltimore & Ohio, 108; Lake Shore, 113¾; Illinois Central, 135; Union Pacific, 61¾; Central Pacific Bonds, 103¾; Union Pacific Bonds, 93¾.

PITTSBURGH MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, } FRIDAY, May 26, 1871. }

ASHES—Common Soda Ash, 4¾@4¾; refined do. 4¾@4¾; Pearls, 9@9¾; Pots, 7¾@7¾.

BUTTER—The market continues dull and devoid of any new characteristics worthy of special notice. Some of the commission houses report a slightly improved demand, but as a general thing it is quoted dull, and, while the receipts are not large, the supply seems to be in excess of the demand. We continue to quote at 12@14 for fair to good, and 16@17 for prime to choice.

BEANS—The supply is pretty well reduced, but the demand is light and prices unchanged, $1.25@1.75 per bushel.

BROOM CORN—Very dull: we can report occasional small sales at 5@6, as to quality.

BREWERS—Quoted at 2½@3 cts.

CEMENT—Louisville, $2.50@2.75 per bbl; Johnstown, $2.25; Resendale, $4.00@4.50; Calcined Plaster, $4.50; Land Plaster, $2.50@2.75.

CANNED GOODS—Demand fair but prices are weak and drooping: 3 lb cans Peaches, $1.35@1.50 per dozen, 2 lb do, $2.25@2.50; Tomatoes, $2.@2¼; Corn, $2.50@2.75, the outside figure for Winslow's.

CHEESE—Is weak but unchanged; prime new New York Goshen, 16; prime Ohio Goshen, 16c; prime Ohio Factory, 14c; Ohio Dairy, 12@13c.

CORN MEAL—We can report small sales at $3@3 25 cts per bushel.

CARBON OIL—Is firmer and tending upward; we now quote standard brands at 22@ 23¾ for 25 or 50 barrel lots—usual advance for small lots.

COUNTRY BACON—Demand is rather better, but as yet the inquiry is mainly for small lots; we continue to quote shoulders at 6@6¾; hams, sides, 7@7¾; clear sides, 8@8¾; hams, 10¾@12¾c. Country lard 9@10¾.

EGGS—The market is scarcely as strong, while may be attributed mainly to increased receipts, though there is no decline as yet—20 cents still being regarded as the ruling quotation for fresh packed. The arrivals yesterday and to day were somewhat larger than for several days preceding, and, furthermore, the demand, at the advanced prices, seems to have fallen off somewhat.

FEATHERS—Scarce and in demand, with sales of No. 1 live geese feathers at 74@75—usual advance in a small way.

FLOUR—Continues strong and moderately active without, however, any quotable change in prices. It is worthy of notice, however, that dealers are not pressing sales, being apprehensive that there may be a still further advance at the prices now current. We not replace at the prices now current. We continue to quote at $7.00@7.25 for good to choice red winter wheat; $7.50 for white; $7.-00 for good spring extras and $7.25 for choice. Small sales of Rye Flour, in store, at $6.

FRUITS—Green apples scarce and may be quoted at $5@8 per bbl. Dried Apples unchanged at 5@5¾ cts as to quality. Dried Peaches, 10@11 for quarters; 11¾@12¾ for halves. Oranges, $6.00 mixed, and 142.15c for halves. Lemons, $6.50@7.00. Prunes, 10¾ for Turkish, and 12c for French. Currants, 10¾@11 cts. Layer Raisins $3.00 per box; Valencia's, 13 cts per pound.

GRAIN—Wheat continues very scarce and the mills are taking all that offers at quotations, $1.43@1.47 for fair to choice red, and $1.50@1.57 for white, according to quality. The dry weather has caused farmers in many sections to hold on to their wheat being apprehensive that the coming crop might be a light one, and this accounts mainly for the very light receipts. Oats coming in more freely but they find ready purchasers at full prices, 59@60 cts buying, and 62@63c selling—small lots in store, 65c. The views of dealers in regard to the future of the market, are conflicting; some are inclined to believe that the highest point has been reached while others contend that there will be a still further advance. Shelled corn is dull and holders generally are anxious to realize, though there is no change to make in quotations, 46@47c for mixed to prime yellow. No Rye or Barley in this market.

GROCERIES—All grades Coffee reported dull in the east, the demand being unusually light for the season, and stocks, particularly of Rio, are accommulating at all the principal ports; while there is no quotable decline in prices, it is probable that importers would make further concessions in order to effect sales. Sugars quiet and easier but unchanged—hards are still quoted at 13¾c in New York. Rice is firm but unchanged; molasses and syrups dull. All kinds of foreign fruits dull and drooping. Following are the ruling quotations.

COFFEE—Fancy Rio, 19; Prime, 18; Good, 17; Fair, 16¾; Roasting, 16@15¾.

SYRUPS AND DRIPS—White Honey, 72; Havemyer & Riders, 72; Silver Drips, 60; Lovering's, 66; other grades, 45@55.

SUGARS—Choice New Orleans, 11¾; prime, 11¼ good, 10¾; fully fair, 10¼; Porto Rico Sugars, 10¾@11¾; Cuba, 10@11¾; Demarara, 11¾ @12¾.

REFINED SUGARS—Hard Sugars, 14; A Coffee, 13; "B," 12¾; Extra C, 12¾; C, yellow, 12¾.

MOLASSES—New Orleans, choice, 70; prime, 68; good, 65.

TEAS—Fancy Young Hyson, $1 40; Good, $1 10 @ 1 20. Lower grades down to Twankay, G. P. Fancy, $1 50@1 60; Good, $1 25; fair, $1 10; Oolong Fancy, $1 25; Good, $1 10; fair, $1; Souchong fancy, $1 20; Good, 90c; fair, 70@80c. Japan Fancy, $1; good, 90c; fair, 75c.

RICE—Choice Carolina, 10c; prime, 9¾c; good, 9c.

SPICES—Grain Pepper, 22c. Pimento, 17c. Cloves, 30c. Cassia, 22c.

HAY—Sales from country wagons, at $15@ 22 per ton. Baled is still quoted steady, on wharf, at $17@19.

HUSKS—Quoted at 2¾@3¾ cts.

HIDES—Green salted (as to weights) 10¾@ 11¾; green hutcher cow and steer) 7@8; green salted kip 14@16; do calf, 16@18 Dry-flint—Bought in Kentucky, $175 per ton; dressed, 14 cts per lb.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland at $3.25 per bbl and easier at $1.75.

MAPLE SYRUP—The season is about over; occasional small sales at $1.50@1.75 for gallon jugs, as to quality.

MILL FEED—Sales from store, in a jobbing way, at $1.40@1.50 for Bran; $1.65@1.85 for Middlings and $2.50 for old meal.

OILS—Lard Oil is weak and droopin; we continue to quote No. 1. at 88@90.

PONTS—Sales cedar posts at 45@50 cts each.

PEA NUTS—Higher, 10@10½ cts.

PROVISIONS—Trade moderately active but prices are still tending downward. Plain shoulders, 7¾; sugar cured canvassed do, 10¾; ribbed sides, 9¾; clear do, 10¾; Breakfast Bacon, 12¾; Hams, 13¾; sugar cured canvassed hams, 15. Lard, 11¾ in tcs and 12¾ in buckets and kegs. Dried Beef, 13@13½, plain and canvassed. Mess Pork, $19.00@19.50.

POTATOES—The supply in this market at the present time is very limited, and in consequence, prices are strong and tending upward. We can report two cars western, to arrive, at $1.10; 2 cars Peach Blows, at $1.20; and 2 do, at $1.25—sales in store at $1.30—some dealers quote up to $1.75.

POULTRY—The market is reported a little slow, and with increased receipts, prices are lower; we now quote at 6@7½ cts per pair, by the coop.

SEEDS—There is little or no inquiry for either Clover or Timothy Seeds and the season may be regarded as over. Flaxseed is scarce and wanted—may be quoted firm at $2.20@2.25.

SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4¾ cts.

TALLOW—Rendered, 8@8¾.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows at 10 @13½; R 13c; O 11½; do 5-4 18¾c; Ozark 11½; Pacific A 11¾c; Pepperill E 12¾c; O 10¾c; do 9¾c; do 7-4 wide sheeting 22¾c; do 9-4 do 27¾c; do 10-4 do 32¾c; do 11-4 do 37c; do 12-4 do 42¾c; Pocasset F 8¾c; Portsmouth P 7¾c; Pocasset canoe 12c; Stark A 13½; Wachusetts 11½c. Amoskeag bleached drills 13¾c; paper cambrics 11¾c.

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, May 26.—Cotton quiet and weak; middling 16c. Flour firm; family $6.00 @7.00. Wheat scarce and firm; No 1 red winter $1.48@1.49. Rye steady and in moderate demand at $1.08. Oats steady at 52@55c. Barley firm at $1.10@1.12 for prime to choice. Corn in fair demand at 48½@48¾c. Sugar firm: New Orleans 10@12c. Linseed oil dull but unchanged at 95c. Lard oil only in limited demand at 85@87c. Eggs steady at 17c. Butter dull but unchanged at 18@20c. Cheese steady; factory 13@14c. Pork dull and nominal at $20.50@20.75 asked. Lard quiet and weak; small sales at 10c. Bulk meats quiet and weak; shoulders at 5½c; sides 6¾@7c; hams sold at 10c for cased. Bacon opened firm but closed dull: 6¾c asked for shoulders; 8¾@9c for sides and clear rib. Hogs dull at $4.90@ 5.05. Tobacco firm. Whisky steady at 88c.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, May 26.—Flour dull; super $6.12½; XXX $6.50; XXXX $6.80@7.0. Corn firm; mixed 72c; yellow 74c; white 78@80c. Oats firm; St. Louis 65@66c; Galena 66c. Bran $1.40. Hay quiet; prime $22@22½; choice $24@25. Pork dull, offering at $17. Bacon thoroughly identified with all its interests.—Shoulders 7¾c; sides 9¾@10c; clear do 10¾c; sugar cured hams 13¾@14c; choice 14@14½c. Lard: tierce 11@12c; keg 12½@12¾c. Sugar firm; fair 10¾@11c; prime 11¾@11¾c. Molasses firm; rebailed plantation 47@53c. Whisky in sympathy with Chicago; nominal at 94 to 95¾c. Sterling 123¾. York sight ¼ premium. Gold 112.

Live Stock.

NEW YORK, May 26.—Cattle receipts 350 head, making 5,800 this week; trade was slow, with only a small inquiry for extra and choice and not all sold; prices were unchanged, the weather was hot and unfavorable for meats, fish and berries abundant. Sheep receipts 4,-200 head to-day making 18,300 for the week; the market increasing in duiness; only a small portion of the offerings selling. Of western sheep of 100 lbs scarcely bring 6c; lambs are ⅛c. lower, best Jersey 25c. Hogs are selling at $12.00@12.50. Receipts 57lbs 14c; Hog receipts 1,800 heads to-day and 17,300 for week; dressed at 6¾@7¾c, but live were advanced to 5¾@5½c.

Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 26.—Tobacco strong and active, with sales of 232 hhds lugs at $4.50@ 6.50; low to medium leaf $6.75@7.50. Corn is excited and higher; middling held at 15¾c; other grades declined ¼c. Flour active and firm for all grades; extra $5.50@6.00; family $6.25@6.50. Wheat scarce and firm; choice red and white $1.55@ 1.65. Corn firm and in fair jobbing demand; shelled, sacked, 66c. Oats is in fair demand and steady at 62¾c. Rye quiet and firm at $1.05. Provisions are in light order and firm. Bulk meats scarce; 10c bid for prime clear; 10¾c for choice sugar cured canvassed hams, 15. Lard, 11¾ in tcs and 12¾ in buckets and kegs. Dried Beef, 13@13½, plain and canvassed. Mess Pork, $19.00@19.50.

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SUMAC—Sales Tennessee Sumac at 4¾ cts.

TALLOW—Rendered, 8@8¾.

WILLOWS—Sales Kentucky willows at 10

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede at this point with 2½ inches in the channel last evening. Weather cloudy and unsettled with occasional showers.

Dan. McAleer, who is regarded as a pretty good weather prophet, predicts that there will be a rise within a week. It is hoped that his predictions will be fully realized.

The Carrie Brooks arrived from Zanesville yesterday with all she could carry on the water. She went on the dock yesterday afternoon, but will be off in time to-day to leave for Zanesville on time, 4 P. M.

The Exchange left for Cincinnati with a moderate trip, and the Belle for St. Louis. James Hamilton and James Henderson are the pilots on the former and E. H. Williamson and Thos. McDonald on the latter. The Belle left here with two barges and will take on considerable at Wheeling and other points below.

Following are the dimensions of Capt. John A. William's Arkansas river and New Orleans packet, now under contract here: length on deck, 208 feet; beam, 48 feet; floor, 46 feet; hold, 6½ feet. Cylinders, 22 inches in diameter, 8 feet stroke; 4 boilers, 40 inches in diameter and 30 feet long. She will have a full length cabin and will be supplied with the latest improvements. It is expected that she will be completed about the 1st of October. The engines are being built at the well-known establishment of James Rees, Sr., who is also owns of her principal owners.

While having no desire to enter into the controversy in regard to the construction of the dam at Brunot, we understand that the majority of the pilots favor it, and they, of all others, should know whether it will benefit or injure navigation.

EVANSVILLE, May 24th 1871.—*Ed. Gazette*:—Steamboat matters are quiet to-day. Yesterday, May 20th loaded with metal, below. 150 tons goes out at New Albany and Louisville. We also have 345 bales of cotton, for Cincinnati; will arrive at Cincinnati Friday night.

Manifest for Pittsburgh—J W Porter, 100 tons metal; Wm McGuley & Co, 5 bxs bottles; Spencer & McKay, 80 emt sle bbls; Penna Salt Co, 10 emt carboys; I Dickey & Co, lot cedar poles. Will arrive in Pittsburgh about next Wednesday.

W. H. —, clerk.

—General Reynolds, superintendent of Western river improvements, is pushing forward the work of examining the various rivers in his department with a view to improvements in navigation. Major Allen has just returned from the Ouachita river, having examined that stream from Arkadelphi down to Trinity bar. The river was found susceptible of improvement, though in places full of snags, logs and sand-bars. The flats and one of the snagboats will be put to work on this stream. The water in the upper portion of it is from three to four feet above low-water mark, while in the lower part it is from 20@25 feet above it.

—We heard it stated the other day that the Rose Hite would come here and enter the Evansville and Cincinnati trade as a regular Saturday packet. The Falestine and Chapman both left yesterday for Evansville, with a moderate cargo. Capt. Triplett says he is going to keep the Palestine in the trade. Look for some developements in reference to the Evansville and Cincinnati trade, after the new canal is completed, that will prove interesting to all Cincinnati owners of lower Ohio packets.—*Cin. Gazette*.

—The St. Louis *Democrat* says: Mr. E. H. Durfee will arrive in this city to-day. We learn that he has no doubt of the fact that he has the transportation contract for the Indian supplies to the Upper Missouri. Per contra, Robert Campbell, a prominent merchant of this place, asserts positively that all the goods referred to will be transported under the Hazlett & Kountz contract.

—The Memphis *Avalanche* of Tuesday says: The Ajax, Boaz and Grand Lake, with heavy coal fleets in tow, passed down on Sunday, and the Ree with barges passed up Sunday night. The tug Baton Rouge Belle, with five barges and two flats of coal for this city, came in. She is built of iron, is a perfect little beauty, and laid here all yesterday repairing some defect in her machinery.

—Captain George H. Rea and Mr. Henry C. Haarstick sold the steamer Atlantic and barges Hector, Hercules and Ajax to the Mississippi Valley Transportation Company for $40,000—$25,000 for the steamer, and $5,000 each for the barges.

—The Natchez will make another attempt to run from New Orleans to St. Louis this season, against time. She will leave New Orleans at 4 o'clock in the morning, to get advantage of the light of day along the coast.

—Capt. Ed. Miller, well-known in river circles, has been appointed agent of the Dean line packets running between Memphis and Cincinnati.

—Joseph Belnap was, on Tuesday, confirmed supervising inspector general of steamboats for the United States by the Senate.

—Josiah C. Chandler sold on Monday, at the steamer Moonstone and barges General Sherman and Euola to C. S. Ebaugh for $15,000.

—The Mary E. Poe has been laid up at St. Louis.

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PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL.....$100,000

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY

HOME NEWS.

Refreshing showers yesterday.

Trinity church approaches completion.

Bargains can at all times be secured by visiting Evans' Department Store.

Arch street is the name given to Beaver street in the Second ward, Allegheny.

Wanted.—A Cook and Chambermaid in a private family. Apply to-day at No. 5 Stockton Avenue.

There is nothing better for family use than a Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine. 116 Market street.

Decoration Day.—Active preparations are being made by the citizens of Allegheny for Decoration Day.

Recovering.—William Kennevay, who was injured at the burning of Carlin & Co.'s machine shop, is somewhat better.

Have you seen the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine? If you have not, and are in want of the best, go to 116 Market street, and examine the Weed.

James Rees, Esq., and Capt. John A. Williams have contracted for the building of a large steamer, designed for the Arkansas river and Orleans trade.

New stock of lace goods, trimmings, hats, bonnets, etc., etc., at Moorhead's Emporium, No. 81 Market street. All new styles and varieties of spring and summer goods.

With less complication than any other, and doing greater range of work, the Weed Family Favorite Sewing Machine claims the first position as the *very best Machine* extant.

Deserted his Wife.—John Mooney was charged yesterday before Alderman Bowden by his wife, Jane Mooney, with desertion. John promised to do better, and the prosecution was withdrawn.

Desertion.—Eliza Mooney made information before Alderman Bowden yesterday, charging her husband, John, with desertion. John was arrested, but promised to do better in the future. The prosecution was withdrawn.

Didn't Fork Up.—A boarding house keeper in Allegheny, Mrs. E Darr, made information before Alderman Bowden yesterday, charging Henry and Mary Eichman with refusing to pay a board bill of thirty dollars. Warrants issued.

False Pretense.—M. J. Lynch appeared before Alderman Herron yesterday and charged James Neeson with making false representations to him and obtaining from him seventeen dollars and seventeen cents. Held for a hearing.

Upset.—A wagon was upset yesterday while being driven down the Monongahela wharf. It was loaded with glass and was delivered to Messrs. Page, Zeliers & Duff. Eight boxes of glass were broken and another wagon was sent for and injured.

The regular monthly meeting of the Y. M. C. A. is postponed until Saturday, June 3d, in order that the delegates to the Convention now being held in Washington City may report. There will also be reports from the different committees.

East Birmingham Council.—An adjourned meeting of this body was held last night to decide upon the kind of pavement to be put down on Main street. After considerable discussion wood pavement was chosen, and an ordinance to that effect passed.

Critical State.—William Kennewig, the young man who was injured at the recent fire in Allegheny is in a very precarious condition. His physician, Dr. Dickson, states that should suppuration supervene it will be almost impossible to save his life.

Belligerent Female.—Mrs. O'Neal before Deputy Major Nichols was charged with disorderly conduct. Officer Patrick McCormick, alleged that Mrs. O'Neal came into her store, threw a stone at her and acted in a very disorderly manner. Held for a hearing.

Ladies' and Children's brown and white cotton Hose, children's fancy cotton hose, ladies' and children's undershirts, gentlemen's undershirts and drawers, at popular prices, at the New Stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

JNO. DEGELMAN & CO.

Cruelty to Animals.—Thomas Robinson was charged yesterday before Alderman Salisbury with cruelty to an animal. The information was made by John S. Campbell. It is alleged that the defendant struck a large boulder, and struck a mule a violent blow on the head. A warrant was issued.

An Unkind Husband.—Yesterday Mary Bagnall appeared before Alderman Taylor and charged her husband, Solomon Bagnall, with striking her a blow on the head and with threatening on several occasions to take her life. The unkind husband, in default of $500, was committed to jail.

Crowded Out.—We are compelled this morning to crowd out a large quantity of local reading matter on account of an unusual pressure upon our columns. The entertainment at the Female Orphan Asylum College last night and other matters of interest will be noticed in our next edition.

Moorhead, No. 81 Market street, has one of the finest trimming stores in the city. The best proof is the well filled and always numerous throng of purchasers you always see there. Everything from a hook and eye to the latest style bonnet and hat. Ladies, give him a call, No. 81 Market street.

Go to Uring, Follansbee & Co.'s corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street for all the latest styles of clothing the neatest fits and the most reasonable prices. Everything in their line of goods—no reductions. Large sales and small profits enable them to adhere to this custom. You will find everything you want to fill out your wardrobe in the best style.

Disobedient Boy.—Mary Quinn made information yesterday before Deputy Major Nichols against her son, Enos Quinn. It appeared that Enos was not as good a boy as the Enos of old, and that he refused to work, disobeyed his mother and called her a liar. For being so naughty Enos was arrested, but upon promising to do better and mend his ways, he was released.

Butchers' Meeting.—A meeting was held last night at Aurbach's saloon, No. 182 Smithfield street, to make some arrangement for their participation as a body in the Dedication and Decoration ceremonies. The attendance was not as large as was expected, consequently the meeting was obliged to adjourn till Monday evening to meet at the same place, when an election for Marshal and other officers will be held.

We acknowledge the receipt of an invitation to be present at the annual meeting of the American Institute of Homeopathy, to be held at Philadelphia on the 5th and 6th proximo. The assembly promises to prove the most interesting ever held by the medical profession in our State. A grand levee will be given in honor of the American Institute of Homeopathy by the Homeopathic Medical Society of Pennsylvania on Wednesday, June 7th. Excursion tickets will be issued by the Pennsylvania company.

We think a little attention on the part of the Chiefs of the Society for the prevention of cruelty to animals," to the drivers of the four horse teams engaged in hauling stone for the erection of the Soldiers' Orphan School, would not come amiss. We have repeatedly seen overloaded horses whipped unmercifully, when ascending a steep grade from the pavement to the church yard. If the lash were applied to some of the drivers they might be taught not to overload their teams, then whip them for not being able to pull.

Several of our citizens, including one or two Superintendents of Sunday Schools, went to the Menagerie yesterday. The animals fright ned some of them so bad they had to take a seat in the Circus, to keep from falling. After the Ring Master announced that this performance would close the entertainment for the afternoon, they were enabled to get a chance to attend one or two to work their way out. The cool air after the rain had the desired effect, and they returned to their homes enjoying their usual good health.

Letters held for postage May 26th:
Miss Hettie Bovard, Baker's Run, Pa., 3c.
John H. Douglass, Cairo, Ills., 3c.
Mrs. Margaret Fink, Woll's Station, Perry county, Pa., 3c.
Miss Dollie Gartreds, Chester City, Del. Co., Pa., 3c.
John Saker, Jr., Saw Mill Run, Pa., 3c.
Miss Annie Kinsay, Smithfield, Jeff. Co., Ohio, 3c.
Lucy Myers, Harrisburg, Pa., 3c.
W. J. Weidran, Brady's Bend, Pa., 3c.
Miss Mary S. Platt, New Brighton, Pa., 3c.
Mrs. Helen Parker, Walton Place, Ohio, 3c.
George Balthel, West Lake St., Chicago, Ills., 3c.
John Renker, Allegheny Workhouse, Pa., 3c.
Miss Francis Snrin, Richmond, Va., 3c.
Jacob Stoner, Mount Pleasant, West M. Co., Pa., 3c.

Dr. C. Ang. Gregory, the great hernia surgeon of New York, has arrived in this city, and will stop at the Monongahela House for a few days. He is here at the instance of several of our most distinguished citizens, who are his patients. He can be seen at the above hotel between the hours of ten and six o'clock daily to any one wishing a radical cure for this most dangerous and generally ill-treated complaint. Consultation free.

In connection with the professional announcement, we take pleasure in commending Dr. Gregory as one of the most skilful and accomplished surgeons in the country, and one who is visited from all parts of the land, at his office in New York, for the treatment of hernia. He is no traveling quack, but comes hither to attend patients who found it impossible to visit New York.

Consult Your Interest.

Don't pay $65 for a Sewing Machine when you can buy the HOME SHUTTLE for $37, which makes the celebrated "LOCK STITCH," alike on both sides, has the best feeding devices, called the DROP UNDER FEED, and does the same work that the "Singer," "Howe," "Weed," or any other Sewing Machines can do, and fully as well, if not better.

The HOME SHUTTLE is the best LOW-PRICED AND YET FIRST CLASS Lock-Stitch Sewing Machine now before the public.

It is beautifully finished, is warranted FIVE YEARS, and sells complete for $37. Monthly payments are accepted.

JOSEPH LE FEVRE, Agent,
No. 2 Sixth street, second floor, near the Suspension Bridge.

BOARD OF HEALTH.

Special Meeting—Report of Sanitary Committee.

Yesterday afternoon the members of the Board of Health met in special session to hear the report of Messrs. Edwards, House and Gilmore, who were appointed a Sanitary Committee.

The document in question, which is an important one and of special interest at this season of the year, was presented by Mr. Edwards, and was read by Secretary Albeits. It was as follows:

To the Board of Health of the City of Pittsburgh:

GENTLEMEN: In accordance with your instructions, given at your last meeting, we, in conjunction with the Health Officers, have made a tour of inspection of a large number of the slaughter-houses in the city, and herewith submit a report of the same.

On Friday, the 19th inst., we visited those slaughter-houses in the neighborhood of Kirkpatrick street and Centre avenue, and on Two Mile Run, emptying into the Monongahela river. We found the parties in the act of butchering, and running their blood and offal into said runs, which causes it to be in a very offensive and filthy condition, especially in places where the current is not strong enough to carry off the filth that is thrown into it. We also found the yards about said slaughter-houses in an extremely filthy condition, in a great measure by the keeping of a lot of hogs in them, for the alleged purpose of devouring the offals, which they only partially do, a large portion being trampled in the mud and manure, and which, being exposed to a hot sun, discharge their most foul and offensive odors, very detrimental to the health of the neighborhood. We also found considerable quantities of offal in the bed of the stream.

We next visited a number in the Fifteenth and Sixteenth wards, and situated on the Two Mile Run empting into the Allegheny river. We found them in a worse condition than the others, with one or two exceptions. We found immense quantities of blood, offals, and entrails in the bed of the stream which is carried into the river above the city water works, and which is certainly very detrimental to the health of the city at large. In reference to this matter, we would recommend the adoption of the following:

Resolved, That the health officers be instructed to notify the proprietors of the slaughter house above mentioned, and all others within the city limits that are producing a nuisance, to abate the same forthwith, and if not complied with within three days that the parties in fault be arrested in the names of said person or persons to this Board, to be dealt with according to law.

Previous to the consolidation the city consisted of but ten wards, and the number of slaughter houses was comparatively few, they being principally situated in the suburbs, but the consolidation act has brought them within the city limits.

It is a business that must necessarily exist and as the population of the outer wards is rapidly increasing, we deem it to be the duty of the city authorities to provide or designate one or two *general slaughtering* places where the business could be carried on without annoyance to either the parties engaged in the business or the citizens. If this plan was adopted the places could be kept in proper condition, and the "Inspector of Meats" would be greatly assisted in his labors.

We would therefore recommend the adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of this Board be instructed to communicate with City Councils and ask them to appoint a committee to confer with this Board in reference to the expediency of establishing one or two general slaughtering places for the city.

We would call your attention to the general sanitary condition of the city, especially at this season of the year.

To this end we would recommend that the Health officers confer with the Street Commissioners in reference to the streets, alleys and gutters of the city and we would also recommend that the "Act of 1867" be put in force on the Mayor and request him to enforce the law in reference to the throwing of slop, garbage and filth of any kind upon the streets, alleys and vacant lots. And we would also request all good citizens to keep their premises clean and clear of all offal that would have a tendency to endanger the health of the city as we are threatened with the spread of malarious diseases.

We would also recommend the employment of at least two more men to assist the health officers during the summer months, as the present force is entirely insufficient to carry out the intentions of the health law.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

EDWARD HOUSE,
M. EDWARDS,
W. J. GILMORE,
Sanitary Com.

PITTSBURGH, May 24, 1871.

The report being accepted, Mr. Edwards asked that the resolutions be taken up seriatim.

President Gross then read the first resolution again, when after some discussion, Mr. Edwards moved to amend by instructing the proprietors of slaughter houses to sprinkle lime plentifully about their premises.

The resolution, as amended, was then finally passed.

The second resolution was also passed, and Dr. Gross and Mr. Edwards were appointed on the Committee asked.

Mr. Herron, from a committee of citizens of the Fourth ward, was introduced, and complained to the Board of the annoyance caused by the night soilers, in passing down Penn street, to the great discomfort of the residents on the thoroughfare.

Mr. Edwards moved that Mr. House and the Health Officers be appointed a committee to confer with the night soilers in order to adopt a route for the carts to the rivers. Adopted.

The report of the Sanitary Committee was taken up again, and the matter of employing one good man to assist the Health Officers for the coming three months, was discussed.

Mr. Edwards moved that two men be engaged to assist the Health Officers until the 1st of September. Adopted, and the matter of employing the men was referred to the Sanitary Committee in addition to the Health Officers.

The President read a communication from Dr. Walter, offering to sell to the city the hospital on Boyd's Hill for the purposes of a pest house.

On motion the Health Officer was instructed to ask Councils to appoint a committee of conference on the subject, in connection with a committee from the Board of Health.

A committee was appointed to confer with Rev. Passavant, upon what terms his hospital would receive small-pox patients.

Physicians of the city were requested to notify the Board of Health of all cases of small-pox coming under their notice.

Dr. Gilmore suggested the propriety of having a physician in each ward to vaccinate gratuitously all who may call upon them.

After some discussion Mr. Edwards offered a resolution embodying Dr. Gilmore's suggestion, which was passed.

The Board then adjourned to meet on the second day of June.

WHISKY GUILLOTINE.

List of Applications Granted and Refused.

The License Board was in session this morning. The following applications were announced as having been granted andrefused.

GRANTED.

Pittsburgh—Fred Bauer, Third ward; Welsh & Co., Fourth ward; M. Robitzer, Sixth ward; John C. Schauppe, Ninth ward; Patrick Murphy, Tenth ward; Theo. Wunsch, Eleventh ward; Fred Kraisser, Twelfth ward; John Thelsin, Twelfth ward; V. Kaltenheiser, Fourteenth ward; Rihn & Weiler, Sixteenth ward; D. E. Fox, Twenty-first ward.

Allegheny—Thomas Tschudy, Second ward; Henry Beatty, Third ward; Daniel Heim, Third ward; John Schuibeis, Third ward; Adam Glasser, Fourth ward; John Hoha, Eighth ward; Robert Whitlock, Ninth ward.

Boroughs and Townships.—Geo. Engelking & Son, East Birmingham, Jacob Peitz, East Birmingham; Adam Fisher, East Birmingham; James McGlinck, Union township; Robert Beading, Union township.

REFUSED.

Conrad Rock, Reserve township; Wm. O. Doherty, Scott township; James Heard, Scott township; Andrew J. McQuilty, Scott township; A. Goldstrom, Port Perry.

The Board announced that a session would be held on Monday morning, commencing at ten o'clock, at which time all the cases remaining undisposed of on the first to the fourteenth lists would be heard. If applicants do not appear at that time the Board will mark all the applications refused.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—"Wild Cat," a new sensational drama written for Marietta Ravel, was put upon the boards at this resort last night. We regret to be obliged to say that the attendance was not up to the standard, and we hope to see it amended, as Miss Ravel is a conscientious actress, and anything she undertakes is rendered with all the ability at her command. "Wild Cat" will be repeated this afternoon and evening.

THUMBLE'S VARIETIES.—This house is always crowded and the attractions are of the best. There will be a matinee and evening performance.

LIBERTY HALL.—Another large and appreciative audience assembled at this resort last night to enjoy Professor Cromwell's highly unique and *recherche* entertainment. We have not failed to note our unequivocal approval of the results of this gentlemen's ingenious performances, but the high degree of mental dissertation on art may be devoured, and the reader frequently retains but a weak and transitory impression of the subjects described or discussed. While accomplished by purely mechanical and scientific apparatus, a faithful and pleasing realization of the leading works of art, ancient and modern, and the most noted scenic localities and countries, is assured to the visitor at Liberty Hall. We are not sure but that, through the agencies of the excellent photographs employed, and the Cosmoscope, and the very skilful employment of light and shade, a more vivid impression is made upon the mind of the visitor than even from an inspection of the original. During the short period taken up in the performance the spectator is, in fact, made to circumnavigate the traversed. The majestic ruins of ancient forums and statues pass in review, preceded and followed by the most perfect specimens of medieval architecture and art. The national and local features of the exhibition are admirable, and are uniformly greeted with applause.

FOREPAUGH'S MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS.—Thousands of persons have witnessed this truly grand combination, at present exhibiting at the Skating Park, Allegheny. Men, women and children who were never present at any similar exhibition before, have been drawn thither by the reputation Mr. Forepaugh has acquired as offering the grandest exhibition of the kind that ever visited this part of the country. We noticed yesterday in the morning paper, a letter of commendation from the circus, occupying a different tent, several of ministers of the gospel, and others who do not usually attend such performances; but this truly great collection of wild animals, including elephants, camels, tigers, lions, giraffes, zebras, black bears, leopards and in addition,collections of rare and beautiful birds, and indeed almost every thing in the menagerie line, is an attraction seldom offered to the public. Besides this, Mr. Forpaugh has one of the very best circus performances that we have ever attended—no sham or "one horse show," but such an one as will please and delight all who attend. Over thirty actors, with horses, ponies and mules, are included in this exhibition. This afternoon and evening the two last performances will be given. In addition, "The Aggregation" will exhibit in Birmingham. We advise all who take pleasure in attending exhibitions of this character, not to fail to go over to the Skating Park this afternoon or evening.

Assault.

Catherine O'Brien yesterday made information before Alderman Taylor, charging one Mrs. Fallen with assault. She alleged that Mrs. Fallen and names and menaced her with shut fists.

Michael O'Brien also made information against Mrs. Fallen, charging her with surety of the peace. O'Brien alleged that the accused came to his house and threatened to knock the heads off his wife and children, and he was afraid she might carry her threats into execution. Committed for a hearing.

DECORATION DAY.

Additional Organizations to Participate—Staff Officers Selected.

An adjourned meeting of the Executive Committee having in charge the arrangement of the ceremonies of Decoration Day was held last night at the office of Major. E. A. Montooth.

Colonel Norman M. Smith presided and Col. John H. Stewart acted as Secretary.

Communications were received from H. G. Squires, Principal of O'Hara Public School; J. P. Cameron, Principal East Liberty School; L. H. Eaton, Principal Forbs Public School; (Sixth ward) Rev. M. Carroll, St. Andrew's Church Allegheny City; A. M. Walker, commandant of Post No. 60 G. A. R. of Monongahela City, and D. P. Marshall, P. C. of Post No. 198 G. A. R. of Dayton, Armstrong County, Pa. A telegram was received from A. H. Walters, stating that the Orphan's School from Uniontown, numbering one hundred children would be present and participate in the memorial services.

Appropriate action was taken on the communications.

Mr. James Kerr, Division Marshal of the South Side, reported the names of the following appointments on his staff: Chief of Staff, M. M. Bigelow; Aids, F. E. Mallory, Emanuel, W. E. Weber, G. S. Wood, E. W. Timmony, Joseph Fisher, Joseph McCoy, Robert Scott, E. G. Krehan, J. B. Timmony, Phillip Hoerr.

Hon. A. P. Callow reported the names of J. R. Bothwell, Chief of Staff, Wm. M. Porter, A. A. G., and one hundred and seventy-five aids.

The committee from the Turner Association reported that they would turn out with the procession, and requested the committee to send a band to the Turner Association grounds would bring all Turner Associations from the surrounding districts.

On motion, thanks of the committee were returned to the Turner Association, and their request for a band complied with.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Col. Stewart reported that the Finance Committee had divided themselves into sub-committees, and that as yet he had no report from the Committees outside of Pittsburgh, but the Pittsburgh Sub-committee had done their duty well, and that if the Committees from the north and south sides have done as well there would be ample means. The Pittsburgh Sub-committee desire to say to the merchants of Pittsburgh that they should have some parties in their places of business to meet the Committee in their endeavors to procure funds to carry out the celebration properly. The Committee say that if they had procured fifty cents each from every person they have called on, they would have sufficient to carry out the celebration.

The committee on music reported that they had secured the services of the Canton, Ohio, band.

Col. Stewart, moved that the "Committee on Music" be instructed to procure whatever music may be required and that the Leaders of those bands report to the Chief Marshal.

On motion of Col. Stewart, the Chairman was authorized to designate the rendezvous of the Bands and that the Chief Marshal divide the Bands equitably among the divisions. The Chairman announced Major Montooth, Major Denniston, Major Hunter and D. C. Thompson, of the Executive Committee to confer with Major Allegheny to their proper position in the line of procession.

On motion the chairman was authorized to appoint a committee of five members of the G. A. R. to act in conjunction with the ladies in providing suitable music for the occasion.

The chair then appointed the following committee: Lee S. Smith, George Silvey, J. D. Forrester, Wm. M. Gormley and Peter Shenk.

Each committee is requested to meet on Saturday at 15 M. at the office of Major Montooth.

On motion it was further requested that all persons having wagons which they are willing to loan to the committee for the decoration of soldier's orphans be desired to have their wagons at the corner of Seventh avenue and Liberty street, at 9:15 A. M. on the 30th and report to Col. Stewart.

On motion, it was resolved that when this committee adjourn it adjourn to meet at 7:30 M. on Monday evening in English's Building, Fourth avenue.

The sailors and marines were requested to report to Major Denniston, at his office before Tuesday.

On motion, adjourned.

N. B.—The headquarters of the Executive Committee on Tuesday evening will be at the hall of Post 3, No. 104 Fourth avenue.

Dr. A. H. Gross.

We take pleasure in reproducing the following brief biographical sketch of our respected townsman, Dr. Gross, knowing that it will be interesting to a large number of our readers, inasmuch as his name is connected with the mayoralty. Our citizens wish now-a-days to know the character of those for whom they are asked to vote; and the record which follows this notice is one of which any person might be proud. We will only add that the gentleman in this community commands greater respect than the subject of this notice. He has resided in the city for the past twenty years of his life, which forms an important era in the history of the city, and has been actively engaged in the arduous practice of medicine over thirty years, the first eight of which were spent in Indiana county, and the remainder in the city of East Liberty. During this time he was thrice honored by his colleagues by being selected to the Presidency of the Allegheny County Medical Association.

The Doctor's early political faith was Democratic, but the Rebellion found him a pronounced a change of opinion, and he was soon after elected to represent Allegheny county in the Pennsylvania Legislature as a Union Republican. His constituents who wrote it, for there were two names signed to the paper, thinking doubtless that the questionable wit would be out of place.

THE Real Estate *Register* complains that some of the old dailies had the impudence to publish that they had sued the *Post* for twenty-five thousand dollars damages. We confess our ignorance in this instance, as we have first we heard of it. It is so common now a days to use a journal for libel that it creates no excitement whatever. If the *Post* has been sued for libel some time ago, the injured party can collect fifty thousand dollars. Result, plaintiff paid the costs. Moral—never sue a newspaper.

Early vs. Sullivan—A Persistent Offender.

Mrs. Early and Mrs. Sullivan, of "Hardscrabble," are monopolists of all the litigation in the district in which they reside. Seven times have they luxuriated in litigatious proceedings before Alderman Strain, and still long for more. The seventh case came on for hearing last evening, before the above-mentioned magistrate, and the evidence developed a fondness for that species of amusement, on the part of Mrs. Sullivan at least, that is seldom met with, even in a reporter's varied experience. The charges sworn to by Mrs. Early were to the effect that Mrs. Sullivan did above here over-work-humanity, and had, with a broomstick, and did pick up a large stone and threaten to knock deponent's brains out. The Mother of McCurrys, in short, the entire "mackarel brigade" is "Hardscrabble," called for the prosecution. Mrs. McClure's evidence went to show that the accused, seeing Mrs. Early on her premises, came rooting down the hill—"roaring" was the word used by witnesses—and, having arrived at the house, committed the several assaults and made the fearful threat alleged in the informations. Mrs. Dougal, a next door neighbor of the complainant, took the stand and was asked by Mr. McCarthy, counsel for the prosecution, if he was a witness in this bloody and unprecedented attack upon his wife. Mr. Duffy, opposing counsel, objected to the testimony, making the point that it was irrelevant, and in behalf of his wife. The objection was promptly overruled by Alderman Strain, who suggested that Mr. Duffy, that husband was called not in behalf of his wife, but of the Commonwealth. Mr. Early gave an elaborate description of the fearful encounter, stating that Sullivan did bend her back in order to give force to the blows. After a host of witnesses had given in their testimony the Commonwealth rested. The defence had no witnesses and the counsel submitted the case.

Alderman Strain said the affair was a bad one, was the seventh time the defendant had been brought before him, he thought it was time that he should make an effort to put an end to her propensity for litigation. He would therefore require her to find bail in the sum of $500 for her appearance at the June term of the Court of Quarter Sessions. The bail was furnished, and Mrs. Sullivan departed for home, elsewhere. Price of beer 5 cents. All their goods are guaranteed to be as represented. 6

Ladies' and Children's summer merino underwear; ladies' and children's Lisle thread and Berlin gloves, white Lisle thread gloves, silk gloves, fancy cotton hose, and children's brown and white cotton hose; children's fancy cotton hose. A large assortment of new goods at reasonable prices at the New Stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

"The easiest thing in the world" is to remember Evans' Department Store, when you have anything in the fancy goods line to buy.

For neat fitting and durable shoes, slippers, gaiters etc., go to the place Bury is at Ward H. Y. agers, No. 178 Liberty street, near Market, one of the finest stocks in the city and prices as low as the lowest. Customers from the country recommend the goods sold by Yeager, and the ladies will find it a pleasant store to trade in. Gentlemen's fine boots and shoes made to order, in the neatest styles.

Macrum & Carlisle have English superfine and superfine half hose, genuine, at twenty five cents per pair.

Side-spring buck wagons. 79 Federal street.

Ladies' and gentlemen's underwear, hosiery, ties, gloves, scarfs, &c., at J. W. Ward H. head's, No. 81 Market street. All goods in season, and all of the newest styles.

Paper Collars and all kinds of toilet goods at Evans' Department Store, at very low figures.

Bouquets and cut flowers cheap, at John R. & A Murdoch's, 112 Smithfield St. 4

Interesting to All—Is the knowledge that Evans, at the Department Store, can supply many wants at half price.

Pony Phactons, latest styles cheap at 79 Federal street, Allegheny.

Evans opens lots of new styles of jewelry to-day at his Department Store.

It is Plain.

When we consider that every disease makes its first attack upon the blood, and that every different disorder imparts its own peculiar stamp to the urine, it is plain that we need only know what peculiar that stamp is, to be able to pronounce upon the nature, extent and character of the disorder with undeviating certainty.

We have been in the active practice of this system, at No. 132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, for over twenty years, during which time we have treated more than *sixty thousand cases*, thus including every character and variety of diseases, and can say with Professor Braithwaite, "that we can arrive at a more accurate knowledge respecting the generality of diseases from examining the urine than from any other system; as also with Dr. Prout, "that what ever may be the disease, the urine seldoms fails in furnishing a clue to the principles upon which it is to be treated."

We are well aware, however, that some practitioners are opposed to this system of diagnosis.

This arises entirely from their incomplete investigation of the subject. From these we court an examination of its merits, and promise to render full satisfaction in the discrimination of every case, and prove to every intelligent physician who will make application, that our course is a scientific one.

Another physician says, "it is the most complete system known."

Another says, "I would rather depend upon your diagnosis by the urine than upon most of physicians with the patient at hand."

Another says, "To argue that this investigations are idle, are as unfortunate as it they are frequent. But there is, however, acquainted with this matter. Better, to those who are most ready to urge this view, and to decry its utility, are such as are least acquainted with its details."

Suffice it to say, that our daily practice and experience have proven these facts, and we advise all those who are afflicted with any infections particularly, to avhil themselves of its advantages.

Those living at a distance by sending a vial of urine for examination, can have the necessary medicines sent them.

DRS. OLDSHUE,
132 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Wild Australian Children.

The most interesting living curiosity now traveling in the above, which forms an important attraction to Forepaugh's great Menagerie. They are under the management of Capt. Jake Reed, who has a separate tent for their exhibition. Lectures descriptive of the origin and history of these peculiar people are delivered with each exhibition. They have been visited by more than half the inhabitants of people, including princes, lords, statesmen, and the most distinguished learned men, naturalists and antiquarians in the civilized world. They are prodigies of nature without parallel, and an opportunity to witness such, so rare, wonderful curiosities should not be passed. Capt. Reed is one of the most enlightened showmen in the country, a gentleman of learning, integrity and worth, and never presents to the public anything but of strictly moral character. We take pleasure in recommending his exhibition as worthy of patronage from the best cultivated society.

Croquet.
Croquet.
Croquet.
Croquet.

Besides our usual assortment of Field Croquet. We, this season present to the notice of our patrons, the Parlor Croquet, a game that which has met with such general favor in the East during last season. This game has been thoroughly tested by skilful players and met with their approval. As a new field game it has many advantages over any other style of game, as it requires but a small space of ground to play it in. The field being in a circle, the ordinary game can of course be played with the same implements by merely changing the laying out or the grounds and removing the flags from the wickets.

Call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere. JOHN PITTOCK,
Bookseller, opposite the Postoffice.

Organs Versus Accordeons.

It was reserved for Mr. *Burdett* to rescue the reed organs from the ignominious charge of being *overgrown accordeons*, which in the hands of the older makers they were fast incurring. The Burdett organ is as far above its competitors as these competitors are above the accordeon makers. Nothing can be made more delightful than the Burdett and by no make of organ. And so striking is the superiority of the Burdett instrument that the agents, H. Kilcher & Bro., find it impossible to obtain custom for any other make, when placed side by side with the Burdett. If music is a delight, no more is the thing desired then turn to the Burdett.

Always Cheap, viz.: the many thousands of useful articles to be found at the Department Store.

Megraw's Banner is known far and wide where the best brands of tobacco and cigars can be had. It is now situated in our family place, No. 45 Ninth street, late Hand. A good cigar is always to be desired and when a gentleman calls and asks for one to please him, he always likes to go back for another. Go to Megraw's, No. 45 Ninth street.

Gents' summer merino undershirts and drawers, jean drawers, linen drawers, superfine and superstout English cotton half hose, berlin and lisle thread gloves, gents' fine Scotch wool half hose for summer wear, suspenders, ties, bows, linen and paper collars and cuffs, at popular prices at the New Stand Stocking Store, No. 30 Fifth avenue.

JOHN DEGELMAN & CO.

McCrum & Carlisle have opened some splendid black silk and Pongee parasols. 6

I Have been using Sawyer's Barber Soap for about nine years, and I have no hesitation in saying that it is the best shaving soap I have ever used. It is now used in our family to the most exclusively as a toilet soap and gives entire satisfaction. PETER KAISER,
Pastor 1st Reformed Church,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Jagger wagons at WORKMAN & DAVIS',
79 Federal street, Allegheny.

Headquarters for jewelry. Jewelry for 10 cents; jewelry for 50 cents, worth $1 anywhere else; jewelry for $2; jewelry for $5, $10, $25, and $100 at Evans Department Store.

Workman & Davis, 79 Federal street, have the largest assortment of vehicles of all styles from a family coach to a pony phaeton, that they will sell cheap. tf.

Umbrellas and canes, all prices, at Evans' popular Department Store.

At W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street, can be seen one of the choicest selections of trimming laces, and other goods suitable for the season, to be found in the city.

Ocean Water Soap makes the finest suds for washing and bathing purposes; contains no chemical compound known for cleansing and scouring glass, china, tin, brass or metal of any kind. It has no equal either as to quality or cheapness. Ask your grocer for it. tf.

We shall be happy to have all those in need of a sewing machine call at 116 Market street and examine the "Weed." We can satisfy any one, no matter how prejudiced.

He Does It.—Go to the Department Store when you have anything to buy, and see if Mr. Evans doesn't sell you goods cheaper than any one else.

Wreathes and Bouquets for Decoration at at Murdoch's. Order early. 4

Ladies' full regular white cotton hose at 25 cents per pair. Good hose at 10 12½ and 15 cents per pair at Macrum & Carlisles, Fifth avenue.

Flowers for Decoration day at Murdoch's 112 Smithfield St. 4

If you have tried other Sewing Machines and find yourself dissatisfied, go to the office of the Weed, 116 Market street, and you will find what you are seeking.

Gentlemen's fine dress shirts of superior fit and quality at Macrum & Carlie's. 6

MONEY TO LOAN.—Bonds Stock and Mortgages bought and sold by George B. Hill, corner of Wood street and Third avenue. 15

SPONGE TENTS,
NASAL DOUCHE, ARMY SU-PENSORIES,
RUBBER SYRINGES, WILLOW CHARCOAL,
BERMUDA ARROW ROOT,
WHITE GUM ARABIC,
AT RANKIN'S DRUG STORE.
45 SIXTH STREET.

MARRIED:

NOBLE—JOHNSTON—On Thursday evening, May 25th, by the Rev. Robert Hamilton, D. D., Mr. JOSEPH NOBLE and Miss ISABELLA M. JOHNSTON, both of this city.

KUHN—LEEPER—On the 25th inst., at the residence of Geo. F. Rahausen, Esq., by Rev. J. Q. Kuhn, Mr. DAVID KUHN, of Kenil, Ohio, and Miss JULIET A. LEEPER, of this city.

DIED:

WESTFALL—On Thursday morning, May 25th, Mrs. ELIZABETH WESTFALL, aged seventy-two years.

The funeral will take place THIS MORNING, May 27th, at ten o'clock, from the residence of George J. Rowley, on Negley avenue, near Judge Mellon's. Carriages will leave R. Young's, corner of Penn avenue and Twenty-eighth street, at nine o'clock

LYTLE—On Thursday evening, May 25th, at 6 o'clock, at his residence, No. 15 Roberts str. et, Allegheny, Mr. H. McNEELY LYTLE, in the 56th year of his age.

The funeral will take place of SUNDAY AFTERNOON, at 2 o'clock p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

FOIGHT—On Thursday, May 25th, of whooping cough, ANNIE MAGGIE, daughter of Maggie and the late Samuel B Foight, aged 1 year and 3 months.

YORGTLY—On Wednesday evening, May 24, at 11 o'clock, Mrs. ELIZABETH YOGTLY, wife of Mr. John Yogtly, Sr., at the age of 68 years and 1 months.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, on Mount Troy, on SATURDAY AFTERNOON, May 27th, at 3 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will leave from the German Evangelical Church, in Troy Hill, at 2 o'clock. P. M.

ALEXANDER AIKEN, Undertaker, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE, Coffins of all kinds, shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

Western Gun Works.

RIFLES,
SHOT GUNS,
REVOLVERS,

Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Bullets, Game Bags Shot Belts, Powder Flasks, Gun Material and Sporting Goods of every description at very low prices. I deal exclusively in Fire Arms and Gun Material, and have the only full assortment in the city, and sell at lower prices than can be had anywhere in the country. Call and see or send for a price list before purchasing elsewhere. Fire Arms neatly and promptly repaired. Guns for hire. Agents for sale of Army Rifles, Carbines and Revolvers bought or traded for. H. J. MOORE.
Great Western Gun Works,
jn21:105 179 Smithfield street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE CAPITAL.

Bonds and Lands.

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Leaving for Home.

NATURALIZATION TREATY

Cabinet Meeting Postponed.

WASHINGTON, May 26, 1871.

APPLICATION FOR BONDS AND LANDS.

An application of the Central Branch of the Union Pacific Railroad Company, late Atchison and Pikes Peak, for adult seven million dollars worth of United States bonds and lands, in addition to the amount already received, has been referred by the Secretary of the Interior to the Attorney General.

THE WEATHER.

The barometer continues to fall slowly on the Pacific coast and at the Rocky Mountain station. The pressure has diminished from Missouri to the Atlantic coast, and is highest in South and North Carolina. The low pressure which on Thursday existed from Lake Superior to Maine is now confined to the Eastern States. Light rains have fallen at most points from Iowa to Lake Huron, and eastward to Virginia and Vermont. At present partially cloudy and clearing weather has been reported from this region. Clear weather is reported from North Carolina and southward.

Probabilities—It is probable the barometer will continue low, with warm weather, on Saturday in the Mississippi Valley and Southern Ohio. Clear and partially cloudy weather is probable from Wisconsin eastward to the Atlantic.

LOCAL EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Judge Ruifont made an elaborate argument before the Commissioner of Internal Revenue yesterday in behalf of the local express companies. He reviewed at length the internal revenue laws applicable to express companies, and took the ground that the companies in question did not come within the meaning of said laws, and were therefore not liable to a tax on their gross receipts.

SENATORS LEFT FOR HOME.

A number of Senators have left Washington for their homes within the last twenty-four hours, and as a result the Senate this afternoon was scarcely able to present a quorum. In case there be none to-morrow, measures will be required to secure their attendance by sending the Sergeant-at-Arms after the Senators within convenient reach.

SOUTH CAROLINA QUIET.

Governor Scott, of South Carolina, who arrived here yesterday, had an interview with the President this morning, in which he said there